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Maria Stuart

FRIEDRICH SCHILLER Translated by Flora Kimmich Introduction by Roger Paulin

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MARIA STUART

Maria Stuart

By Friedrich Schiller

Translation and Notes to the Text by Flora Kimmich Introduction by Roger Paulin





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Translator's Note

Maria Stuart is the fifth and final volume of a series of translations of Friedrich Schiller's major plays made freely available by Open Book Publishers. This translation, like the others, is intended for students at college level and for the general reader. It is accompanied by an introduction that gives context, by a 'Short Life of Mary Stuart', and by Notes that make an old text less obscure.

Schiller's *Maria Stuart* is loved and esteemed for its finely balanced dramatic economy, for its descending action, for the pathos of its plot, and for its spectacle of two famous queens in contest for a great throne at a celebrated moment in British history. The play is precious, too, for its presentation of a question argued and reargued by competing factions in sallies of high rhetoric sustained over five acts: a brilliant moment in a rhetorical tradition that reaches back to the Ancients.

A great surprise, therefore, to sit down to translate this text and find that it reads in long passages more like work in progress than like copy ready for print. The task presented to the startled translator is to condense great billows of words without notable loss and lodge them in five-beat lines roomy enough to preserve their sense and regular enough to be read as iambic.

Roger Paulin has contributed to this effort by restraining my extravagances, by supplying words and whole lines that I preferred to my own, and by his very presence, which kept me working and reworking at a task that knows no end. He has been present in the translation project throughout and the series bears his mark.

The endnotes and the "Short Life of Mary Stuart" rely on the commentary by Matthias Luserke-Jaqui, editor of the edition *Deutsche Klassiker* (Frankfurt, 1996), the text on which the translation is based. The Notes and the "Short Life" also draw upon an exceptionally complete and beautifully illustrated article, "Mary, Queen of Scots," posted on Wikipedia.

Alessandra Tosi presided over it all—both this volume and the five-volume series—with patience, persistence, resourcefulness, and forbearance. The editors at Open Book Publishers have lent their considerable talents to the production of five handsome volumes. Andrey Gerasenkov, beyond the call of duty, twice gave half a morning to teaching a device intended for legal briefs to count measured verse instead. And Christoph Kimmich has provided everything I required.

Introduction

Roger Paulin

The story of Mary Queen of Scots as a dramatic subject had been on Schiller's mind since as early as 1783.¹ It featured again on the so-called 'Big List of Dramas' that he started around 1797, as number four (Wallenstein is number two).² This marks Schiller's return to dramatic production after years of history-writing and philosophical study. By early 1799 he was writing to Goethe that he was studying the sources on the history of Scotland, and in the summer of the same year he was able to sketch to the same correspondent the outline of the play that would be completed a year later (1800) and performed in Weimar that summer:

I am starting, as I map things out, to convince myself ever more of the truly tragic quality of my material, and that means specifically that I can see the catastrophe straight away in the first scene, and as the action seems to move further away from there, it is being led ever closer and closer to it. There is no lack of Aristotle's fear, and there will be pity as well. My Mary will not produce a gentle aura, that is not my intention, I want to keep her as a physical being, and tragic pity will be much more of a general deep emotion than personal or individual sympathy. She feels and arouses no tenderness, it is her fate to undergo violent passions and to incite them. Only her nurse has any tenderness for her.³

In this quotation at least, Schiller expresses a greater interest in the tragic potential of this subject than in its intrinsic merits as a historical source.

¹ All German references and quotations are taken from *Sämtliche Werke*, ed. by Gerhard Fricke, Herbert Göpfert and Herbert Stubenrauch, 5 vols (Munich: Hanser, 1960), here IV, 1258.

² Ibid., III, 919.

³ Ibid., II, 1259.

We notice him using the Aristotelian requirements of pity and fear but extending these to a general tragic pity ('das Pathetische'), a term taken from his own recent theoretical writings. He is tracing the action both in terms of character (no gratuitous tenderness or compassion) and the construction of the plot (the tragic outcome embedded in the very first scene).

How far Schiller was acquainted with earlier dramatic representations of Mary Queen of Scots (mainly so-called martyr tragedies)⁴ is not known, nor is it the point. He would however, from his reading of Greek, French, English (and German) tragedy, have been aware that the exemplary confrontation of innocence (martyr) with vice or injustice (tyrant) had considerable dramatic potential. The martyr queen divesting herself of her worldly possessions in Act Five owes something to that tradition, but the meeting of the two queens (and the clash of the principles for which they stand), surely the most spectacular and audacious device in the whole play, may also ultimately come from that source. What is clear is that Schiller is constructing a drama around a moral issue with an eye to its effect on the emotions of the beholder.

Schiller, as said, had been studying the historical sources, but Maria Stuart, unlike Wallenstein, is not in any real sense a historical drama. The historical background may be real, but it needs invented situations and characters (such as Mortimer) to sustain it. Historical accuracy is extended beyond itself to charge past happenings with new significant meaning, a sixteenth-century event made to exemplify and be subordinated to questions of human guilt and moral freedom. Where Wallenstein's decisions (or their lack) are linked to historical forces and their outcome, the issues in Maria Stuart revolve around decisions already taken (the queen has already been sentenced to death) and their implications. We see, rather, how these political decisions bring about a moral regeneration, a reaching out for transcendence, freedom from guilt, the achievement of the state of sublimity.

These are abstract notions that form the basis of Schiller's theoretical writings in the 1790s. A philosophical reading of the play would therefore see the heroine achieving moral sublimity, freed from worldly trammels, released from passion, her senses and the world of the spirit

⁴ Elisabeth Frenzel, *Stoffe der Weltliteratur. Ein Lexikon dichtungsgeschichtlicher Längsschnitte*, Kröners Taschenburch 300 (Stuttgart: Kröner, 1963), 411-414.

Introduction

in harmony, what Schiller calls a 'schöne Seele' ('beautiful soul'). The spectator is involved in these processes by witnessing and being caught up in the higher reconciliation of these principles. But no moral or aesthetic principle alone makes for effective drama, and a one-sided concentration on these aspects alone may give only a limited insight into the subtleties of the text.

For this is first and foremost a play about real and concrete issues, the interplay of politics and sexual jealousy, and it is out of these factors that the moral issues arise, not the other way round. The action, tight, taut, and enclosed (except for that meeting of the queens in Act Three), brings out the questions of Realpolitik in which both heroine and anti-heroine alike are caught up. Mary is physically imprisoned in the confines of Fotheringhay, the place both of suffering and regeneration, while Elizabeth is morally and physically immured in the court, the 'slippery ground' of intrigue and duplicity. While not strictly classical in the French style (there is no unity of place), the play is written mainly in a blank verse suited to the close confrontations and the interplay of repartee that are conditional on both moral and political argument and the clash of principles. This enables words and notions that are related in sense to be thrown back at each other in rhetorical encounters, such as those to do with right, justice and the law. The recapitulation to a confidant (Mary and Hanna Kennedy in Act One) has elements of traditional closet drama. Set monologues are given mainly to Elizabeth, to demonstrate, among other things, her irresolution, how she needs to weigh up arguments and moral issues and their shifting options.

In such terms, one could reduce the action to 'might versus right', Mary the victim, Elizabeth the oppressor. But the issues are not so clear cut.

True, Mary is a queen in her own right, not subject to foreign jurisdiction; she is of legitimate birth (the granddaughter of Henry VII), a Catholic, unlawfully imprisoned and about to fall victim to trumped-up charges. This is the basis of her energetic and disdainful self-defence before Burleigh⁵ and especially before Elizabeth. She is however also complicit in murder and assassination plots, and she is linked by ties of blood and religion to England's enemies. She is

⁵ Schiller's spelling.

also and crucially-in the terms of the play-perceived as a 'Helen', an 'Ate', Helen, who in Marlowe's famous words, 'burnt the topless towers of Ilium', brought fire and destruction to Troy, while Ate is the goddess of discord. Thus we notice how the images of fire and heat and conflagration run through the play, almost literally in the case of the hothead Mortimer and his inflammatory advances. In those terms Mary is at all times potentially dangerous: even from the confines of her prison an erotic attraction radiates. Mortimer, Leicester and even Elizabeth feel these flames emanating from Fotheringhay and must react to them in their own fashion. This must be set against the genuine pity we sense for her fate: Paulet and Shrewsbury, as upholders of the moral law, are moved by it. Mary is also aware of her own sins and failings. Her long catalogue of crimes confided to Hanna Kennedy is testimony enough. On the one hand, she admits that she deserves death as an atonement for past wrongdoing. Yet she is also a political presence, a queen, familiar with statecraft and prepared—against the odds—to uphold her rights, witness her tussle with Burleigh and the defense of her status in front of Elizabeth. Thus she places her hopes-against all hope-in the broken reed of Leicester.

Elizabeth, by contrast, is (in Mary's eyes at least) illegitimate and knows that Mary has as much right to the throne as she—and can turn men's heads as well. She is a Protestant, a 'virgin queen'. Rightly or wrongly, she represents order in the state and she is prepared to use her considerable political skills to uphold it. She has few scruples, and her creatures (Burleigh especially) have even fewer. She must uphold the rule of order, however it is achieved. She must surrender personal inclinations, such as marriage, to the reasons of state in which, as said, she is imprisoned. But the execution order is not issued solely for reasons of political expediency. Mary threatens her womanhood; she feels the erotic charge of her rival.

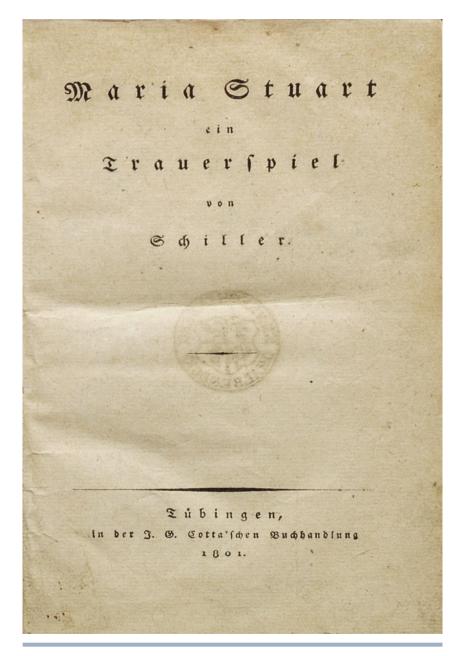
One could therefore say that the worst of both queens is reflected in Leicester, playing as he does a double game with both and eventually losing both; morally compromised, ruthless if need be (as in the arrest of Mortimer), but then again not ruthless enough. His departure for France that delivers the punchline of the play is an admission that Elizabeth has triumphed, but also that Mary too has conquered beyond the grave. For he has gone over to the other side: Mary has not died in vain. Thus the two queens are made to interact, but not in the sense of absolute right versus absolute wrong. There would be no dramatic action were Mary's confession of guilt in Act One the moral climax of the play. False hopes, pride, a glimmer of ambition, all of these mark Mary's 'descent' from Act One to the confrontation with Elizabeth, which she 'wins' rhetorically (leaving Elizabeth speechless) but loses morally. But what are we to make of her 'transfiguration' in Act Five? Does it convince? Has Schiller not deliberately contrasted her with Elizabeth's duplicity and the cravenness of her creatures? Are we not more convinced by the sheer tragedy of Mary's fate and her calm dignity than by words like 'angel', 'sacrifice' or 'freedom', the vocabulary of the 'beautiful soul' and its attainment of sublimity? For even this has its limits: her last address to Leicester is not without its tone of regal imperiousness and self-justification—and it has its effect.

Elizabeth, whose movements are mainly characterised by vacillation, impatience, changes of mood, nevertheless recovers her composure at the end. The German word 'Fassung' ('standing calm') in the final stage direction, with its overtones of stoical demeanor, suggests a resigned acceptance of things as they are. Unlike Mary's verbal ascent into the realms of spiritual freedom in her last words to Melvil, Elizabeth 'stands' firmly on the ground of reality, in kingship, the right to rule. She has nothing beyond that. She must accept the world as it is; Mary claims to have transcended it.

This is a play which must be seen and heard on the stage. It gains its effect from the structure of the verse, which keeps high emotions and political machinations in place. Only two characters—Mary herself and Mortimer—briefly abandon blank verse as they are carried away by their emotions. It is also a play that has its fair share of stunts, spectacles and coups de théâtre: the court scenes, the meeting of the queens, of course, Mortimer's arrest and stage suicide, the eucharist on stage (which shocked Schiller's contemporaries), Mary's symbolic change from black to white costume, and the panoply of her execution. Schiller loves punchlines and one-liners ('Kings are the slaves of their station' and the like), sententious statements of general import. The very last line of the play—'He is at sea and on his way to France'—seizes us for its daring—brazen—counterfactuality, but it rings true in terms of the action and the moral issues that it raises. This play is now well established in English-language theatre repertory. Flora Kimmich's version, in verse, reminds us that Maria Stuart needs to be spoken, in original or translation, with constant regard to the cadences of the language, themselves a reflection of the characters who are ranged one against the other in tragic conflict.

Further reading:

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Title page of the first edition of *Maria Stuart* (Tübingen: Cotta, 1801). Photograph by Antiquariat Dr. Haack, Leipzig (2008). Wikimedia, https://commons.wikimedia. org/wiki/Category:Maria_Stuart#/media/File:Schiller_Maria_Stuart_1801.jpg

MARIA STUART

Characters

ELIZABETH, Queen of England

MARY STUART, Queen of Scotland

ROBERT DUDLEY, Earl of Leicester

GEORGE TALBOT, Earl of Shrewsbury

WILLIAM CECIL, Baron Burghley, Lord High Treasurer

Earl of KENT

WILLIAM DAVISON, state secretary

AMIAS PAULET, knight, Mary's keeper

MORTIMER, his nephew

Count AUBESPINE, French ambassador

Count BELLIEVRE, extraordinary emissary of France

O'KELLY, Mortimer's friend

DRUGEON DRURY, Mary's second keeper

MELVIL, her steward

BURGOYNE, her physician

HANNA KENNEDY, her nurse

MARGARET CURLE, her lady-in-waiting

SHERIFF of the county

OFFICER of the bodyguard

French and English GENTLEMEN

GUARDS

COURTIERS of the Queen of England

ATTENDANTS of the Queen of Scotland



Tableau représentant Marie Stuart, reine de France et d'Écosse. Château de Blois. Wikimedia, CC BY-SA 4.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Blois_-_ tableau_Marie_Stuart.jpg

Act One

A room in Fotheringhay Castle

Scene One

Hanna Kennedy, nurse of the Queen of Scotland, in sharp dispute with Paulet, who is about to open a cabinet. Drugeon Drury, his assistant, with a crowbar.

KENNEDY. Stand back, sir! What fresh impudence! Away from This chest! PAULET. Who was it threw down all those jewels? Who? They were tossed down from the upper story And meant to bribe the gardener. Women's wiles! For all my watching, for all my sharp searching, Still secret valuables, still hidden treasure! (*Attacking the cabinet*) Where that was there is more! KENNEDY. Back, shameless man! The Lady's secrets lie here. PAULET. Just what I want! (*Pulling out papers*) KENNEDY. Of no importance, idle jottings to shorten The long, sad hours of her imprisonment. PAULET. Idleness is handmaid to the devil. KENNEDY. These papers are all in French. So much the worse! PAULET. That language England's enemy speaks. KENNEDY. Drafts of letters

Intended for the Queen of England. PAULET. I will Deliver them. — Look here! What's sparkling so?

(*He has opened a secret compartment and lifts jewels from a hidden drawer.*) A royal coronet, all studded with stones, Entwined and threaded by the lilies of France!¹

(*He gives it to his companion.*)

Take care of it, Drury. Add it to the rest!

(Drury goes off.)

KENNEDY. Disgraceful force that we have to submit to! PAULET. While she still has possessions, she can do harm. In her hands everything becomes a weapon. KENNEDY. Have mercy, sir. Don't take the last fine touch from Our lives! Poor Lady! How she's cheered by the sight of Old splendor. You have taken all else away. PAULET. It's in good hands. And it will be returned Safely and surely when the proper time comes. KENNEDY. Who'd think from these bare walls to find a queen Living here? Where's the baldachin above Her chair? Must she not set her foot, accustomed To softness, on raw common flooring? With The coarsest pewter-plainest noblewomen Would scorn it-they make bold to serve her table. PAULET. That's how she saw her husband served at Stirling, While she drank out of gold cups with her lover.² KENNEDY. The simplest looking-glass is even denied her.3 PAULET. As long as she can still see her vain image She will not give up hoping—hoping and scheming. KENNEDY. There are no books here to engage her mind. PAULET. They gave her a Bible to improve her heart. KENNEDY. Even her lute they took away from her. PAULET. Because she used to play her love songs on it. KENNEDY. Is that a fate for one who's gently bred, Who was crowned queen while still in the cradle, and Then brought up at the court of a Medici Amid all excess, every possible pleasure?4 Be it enough to rob her of her power.

20

Must one begrudge her little trinkets as well?
A great misfortune teaches the noble heart
To find itself, but it is painful to be
Entirely robbed of life's every <i>small</i> beauty.
PAULET. They only turn the heart to idle things,
When it should turn inward instead and repent.
A life of vice and excess is atoned
Alone by want, abasement, and repentance.
KENNEDY. If her tender years of youth went astray, may
She settle her accounts with God and her heart.
In England there is no judge over her. ⁵
PAULET. She shall be judged where she committed her crimes
KENNEDY. She is too tightly bound here to commit crimes.
PAULET. From these bonds she knew to extend an arm
Into the world and fling the torch of civil
War into the Realm and against our Queen,
God save her, and to arm mutinous mobs.
From inside these walls did she not incite
The villain Parry and then Babington, too, ⁶
To regicide, that damnable deed? Did iron bars
Keep her from catching Norfolk in her web? ⁷
The best head on this Island fell to the axe,
Sacrificed to her. Did this wretched example
Deter the madmen who now fling themselves in
Contest into the abyss on her account?
For her the scaffolds fill with ever new victims,
And that will not end till she, guiltiest of all,
Is sacrificed herself on a bloody scaffold.
Accursed the day when the hospitable shores
Surrounding this land received such a Helen! ⁸
KENNEDY. Hospitable English shores received my Lady?
Unhappy creature, who since she set foot in
This land, a supplicant entreating help and
Protection from her reigning cousin, sees
Herself, against her rank and common law,
Held captive, wasting her young years in confinement.
Who, having known the bitterness of prison,

	Is summoned into court like a cut-throat and meanly
	Accused on peril of her life—a queen!
	PAULET. She came into this kingdom having murdered, ⁹
	Chased by her subjects and removed from her throne,
	Which she had desecrated by her deeds.
	Sworn against England's fortunes now she came,
90	Intending to bring back the bloody times of
	The Spanish Mary, ¹⁰ making England Catholic,
	Betraying England to the hopeful French.
	For why disdain to sign the Edinburgh Treaty, ¹¹
	Renouncing all claim to the English throne
	And opening a swift way out of her prison?
	She'd remain captive, be maltreated, sooner
	Than give up empty grandeur in a title.
	<i>Why</i> did she do that? She preferred to trust plots,
	The evil arts of schemes, conspiracies.
100	Spinning disaster, she dreams conquest. She'd
	Conquer this Island from the depths of her cell.
	KENNEDY. You surely mock us, sir. To hardship you add
	Derision. She should cherish dreams of this kind,
	Walled up alive here, whom no sound of comfort
	Reaches, no voice of friendship from her home?
	Who sees no human face but that of her jailer,
	Who now has a new guard, your ill-mannered kinsman, ¹²
	And sees herself caged round in new iron bars?
	PAULET. No iron bar protects from her perfidy.
110	Do I know if these bars have not been filed through?
	If this floor and these walls that seem so solid
	Have not been hollowed out inside, admitting
	Treason while I'm asleep? A damnable office
	I've gotten, guarding these wiles that hatch ruin.
	Fear tosses me up out of sleep in the night,
	I go about like a tormented specter,
	Testing bolts on doors, good faith in the guards, and
	Tremble each morning lest my fears have come true.
	But to my great relief it's soon to end,
120	For I would rather stand guard over the damned

Act One

11

Before the gates of Hell than over this Queen full of intrigue, queen full of wiles! KENNEDY. She's coming there herself! PAULET. The Christ in her hand Vainglory and worldly pleasures in her heart.

Scene Two

Mary, veiled and carrying a Crucifix. As above.

KENNEDY (hurrying to meet her). My Queen! Just look! They're trampling us underfoot! Of harshness and tyranny there is no end! Every new day heaps sorrows, heaps new shame On your crowned head. MARY. Come now! Compose yourself! And tell me what new thing has happened. KENNEDY. Look here! Your desk is broken open. All your writings, Your last remaining treasure, salvaged at great pain, The rest of bridal jewelry taken from France Is now in his hands. Nothing royal is yours. You have been robbed. There is now nothing left you. MARY. Take comfort, Hanna. Tinsel such as this Makes no queen. They can treat us basely but They cannot abase us. Here in England I've learned, Accustomed myself to much and this, too, I can endure. (To Paulet) You, sir, have seized what I Was minded to surrender to you today. Among these writings you will find a letter Intended for my royal sister of England. Give me your word that you'll deliver it To her in honor and not into Burghley's¹³ Faithless hands. PAULET. I'll decide what is to be done. MARY. You are to know the content, sir. In this letter I sue for a great favor: I request

130

	An interview with her, whom I've never seen.
	One summoned me before a court composed
150	Of men whom I do not know as my equals,
	Men who are known to me only as strangers.
	Elizabeth is my kinswoman, my rank,
	My kind. To her alone, my sister, a queen,
	A woman, am I able to speak freely.
	PAULET. Often, my Lady, you've entrusted your honor
	And fate to men less worthy your respect.
	MARY. I ask another favor. To refuse me
	Were inhumane. Imprisoned, I'm denied
	The comforts of my Church, the blessing of Sacrament.
160	One who's robbed me of crown and freedom, indeed
	Threatened my life, would not bar me from Heaven.
	PAULET. If you desire, the local deacon would—
	MARY (interrupting him sharply).
	I'll have no deacon. I demand a priest of
	My Church. And scribes and notaries. I require to
	Record my last will. Sorrow, wretched confinement
	Shorten my life. My days are numbered, I fear,
	And I consider myself bound for death.
	PAULET. You do well. Such reflection much becomes you.
	MARY. Can I be sure that no swift hand will speed the
170	Slow workings of my pain and grief? I wish
	To make my will, dispose of what is mine.
	PAULET. That you are free to do. The Queen of England
	Would not enrich herself by robbing you.
	MARY. I have been separated from the ladies
	Attending me and from my servants. Where are they?
	What fate have they met? I can spare their service;
	I would be assured they do not suffer or want.
	PAULET. Your servants have been well provided for. (He turns to go.)
	MARY. You are about to go? You'd leave me again
180	And not relieve my heart's uncertainty?
	Thanks to your spies, I am removed from the world,
	No news can reach me through these prison walls,
	My fate lies in the hands of my enemies.

A long and painful month has passed since forty Commissioners ambushed me here in this castle, Erected barriers, with unseemly haste put Me, unprepared and without counsel, before A court no one had ever heard of, made me, Surprised and stunned, respond then and there to 190 Sly legal points accusing me of grave crimes. Like specters they appeared and vanished again. From that day all men have kept silent before me, In vain I try to read your gaze and your glances: Whether my innocence, the efforts of friends, or My enemies' foul influence has prevailed. Break your long silence, let me know at last: What must I fear-tell me-what dare I hope?14 PAULET (after a silence). Settle all your accounts with Heaven, Madam. MARY. I hope for Heaven's mercy, sir, and from My earthly judges I hope for strict justice. PAULET. Justice will be yours. Have no doubt of that. MARY. My trial has been decided? PAULET. I do not know. MARY. I've been condemned? PAULET. My Lady, I know nothing. MARY. One goes to work with speed here. Is the assassin To ambush me just as my judges did? PAULET. Assume as much. He'll find you better prepared. MARY. Nothing a Westminster court presumes to find, led By Burghley's hate and Hatton's zeal,¹⁵ shall shock me. I know too well what England's Queen dare do. 210 PAULET. England's great rulers need fear but their conscience And Parliament. What justice fearlessly has Spoken, their might will execute in plain view.

Scene Three

As above. Mortimer, Paulet's nephew, enters, ignoring the Queen.

MORTIMER (to Paulet). You're wanted, Uncle.

(*He goes off in the same fashion. The Queen turns to Paulet, who is about to follow.*)

MARY.

220

230

Yet another request, sir.

If *you* have something you would say to me— From you I suffer much; I honor your years. The insolence of such a youngster I'll not Endure. Spare me his uncouth manners henceforth. PAULET. What you would not endure endears him to me. He's plainly not among the feeble fools Whom women's lying tears can soften soon. He's traveled. He returns from Paris and Reims, Bringing back home his loyal old-English heart. On him your arts are lost entirely, my Lady.¹⁶ (*He goes off.*)

Scene Four

Mary, Kennedy,

5	9
KENNEDY. May that great boor say such	things to your face?
Oh, it is hard!	
MARY (lost in thought).	
Back in our days of glory we heard fla	atterers
Too willingly. It's meet to hear reproa	ch now.
KENNEDY. So downcast, so discouraged,	dearest Lady?
You, once so merry that you would co I sooner had to scold your flightiness	
To chide your darker moods.	
MARY. Oh, I kno	w him! ¹⁷
The bloody shade of Darnley rises rag	ging
Out of the grave, to give me no earthly	y peace
Until my wretchedness has reached fu	ıll measure.
KENNEDY. What sort of thinking—	
MARY. You f	orget, dear Hanna,

	But I remember faithfully. Just see!
	The day comes round again, the fateful deed.
	In memory of <i>him</i> I fast and atone. ¹⁸
40	KENNEDY. Lay this ghost, send this specter back to the grave. You have atoned by years of pain and remorse.
	The Church and Heaven have long forgiven you.
	MARY. Guilt long forgiven, bleeding afresh, rises
	Again, young ever, out of its shallow grave.
	My husband's ghost demanding revenge—no Host
	Raised in priest's hand, no sound of the bell can send
	It back down into its last resting place.
	KENNEDY. No! It was not you! Others murdered him.
	MARY. I knew about it, let the deed go forward,
	I lured him, flattering his pride, into the trap.
50	KENNEDY. Your tender years soften your guilt. You were
	So young still.
	MARY. So young and yet burdened my
	Tender years with a guilt so heavy, so grave.
	KENNEDY. A bloody insult angered you and the
	Presumption of a man your love had lifted
	From deep obscurity, like the hand of God,
	Whom you led from your bridal bed to the throne,
	Whom you enriched by giving him both your
	Own person and your born right to the Crown.
	Could he forget his more than brilliant lot
.60	Was the creation of your love and great heart?
	Full well he forgot, offended delicacy
	By low suspicion and crude practices.
	Thus he made himself loathsome in your eyes.
	The magic that had dazzled you went dark;
	Enraged, you rose and fled his shameful embraces,
	And laid him open to the general contempt.
	And he? Did he try to win back your favor?
	Or ask forgiveness? Throw himself at your feet,
	Promise to mend his ways? Defiance he offered.
.70	This man who was your creature wanted to play
	Your king. And had the singer Rizzio, your favorite,

	Run through before your eyes. ¹⁹ And you, the Queen,
	Avenged with blood a deed so bloodily done.
	MARY. And bloodily will it seek revenge on me, too.
	Comforting me so, you make me guilty of it.
	KENNEDY. You were not yourself when you let it happen.
	Madness of love, blind love, had seized you and put you
	Under the yoke of that seducer, that Bothwell.
	A man's overweening willfulness let him
280	Rule over you, brew hellish potions that
	Heated your senses—
	MARY. He had no other arts
	Than his strength of a man and my weakness. ²⁰
	KENNEDY. No, I say. One who numbed all your senses had
	To call for help from all the demons in Hell.
	You had no ear for warnings from a friend,
	No eye for bearing that becomes a queen.
	Modesty had forsaken you; your cheeks, once
	Given to blushing, flamed now with desire.
	You flung away the veil of reticence,
290	A man's bold vice crushed your timidity.
	Barefaced, you put your disgrace on display:
	You had him, Darnley's assassin, carry before you
	The royal sword of Scotland through the streets
	Of Edinburgh, cursed and scorned by the crowd; you
	Surrounded Parliament with armed guards; in the
	Temple of Justice you contrived his acquittal.
	You did not stop there—God!
	MARY. Go on and finish!
	I married him, gave him my hand at the altar.
	KENNEDY. May silence fall on such a deed! An outrage!
300	Worthy of one who's lost. But you are not lost.
	I brought you up, I know you, know your soft heart,
	Open to shame. Your sole vice is foolishness.
	I tell you: There are evil spirits that
	Come over us, do something dreadful, then
	Flee back to Hell and leave us marked and aghast.
	But since this wanton deed, which blackens your life,

You have committed no crime, I am witness. Courage therefore! Make peace now with yourself! Whatever your regrets, in England you're guiltless. Neither Elizabeth nor Parliament Can judge you. Force alone holds you. Before This insolent court you may take your place With all the courage of your innocence. MARY. Who's coming there? (Mortimer appears in the doorway.)

KENNEDY.

310

It is the nephew. Go in.

Scene Five

As above. Mortimer, entering cautiously. MORTIMER (to the Nurse). Go out. Keep watch before the door. I wish to Speak with the Queen. MARY (firmly). You stay here with me, Hanna. MORTIMER. You need not fear, my Lady. Know who I am. (He hands her a card.) MARY (reads the card and steps back in surprise). Ha! MORTIMER (to the Nurse). Go then, Dame Kennedy. See that my uncle Does not surprise us. MARY (to the Nurse, who hesitates). Go! Go! Do as he says. (The Nurse goes out, baffled.)

Scene Six

Mortimer. Mary.

320

MARY. The Cardinal of Lorraine, my uncle!²¹ He writes: "Trust him who brings this, Mortimer, a knight. You've no more loyal friend in all England." (*Looking at Mortimer in astonishment*) It's possible? No fraud? A friend so near, when

	I thought myself abandoned by all the world—
	I find him in my keeper's nephew, in whom
	I thought I saw my worst foe—
	MORTIMER (throwing himself at her feet). Lady, forgive this
	Despicable disguise that cost me much
	But lets me come near you to offer you
	Rescue and help.
	MARY. Stand up. Oh, what a surprise!
330	How sudden this great leap to hope from despair!
	Speak, sir. Am I to believe this happiness?
	MORTIMER (<i>standing up</i>). We've little time. My uncle is coming soon.
	A hateful man comes with him. Before their terrible
	Errand surprises you, learn Heaven's rescue.
	MARY. These are the workings of Almighty God!
	MORTIMER. Permit me to begin with myself.
	MARY. Speak, sir!
	MORTIMER. Brought up and taught in strictest duty, my Queen, and
	Black hate of popery, I was twenty when a
	Resistless desire drove me to the Continent.
340	I left the puritans' airless closets of preaching
	Behind in my homeland, crossed over France,
	Seeking my precious Italy with my heart.
	It was the festival time, all the ways
	Were thronged with pilgrims, as if all humanity
	Were wandering, making pilgrimage toward Heaven.
	Their throng swept me along till I reached Rome.
	What joy seized me, my Queen, as I arrived.
	The victory arches and towering columns came
	Toward me, the shining Colosseum embraced me,
350	A spirit of creation and high art
	Enclosed me in a serene wonderland!
	I'd never known the power of the arts.
	The church that raised me hates the charms of the senses,
	Suffers no image, only bodiless words. And
	What joy to enter those churches! Music cascaded
	From Heaven, figures sprang in fullness from walls
	And ceilings: the Annunciation, the birth of

	Our Lord, the blessed Virgin, the Three in One come
	Among us, and the glorious Transfiguration.
360	The Pope in splendor celebrated High Mass
	And blessed the people. What then is kings' gold?
	He only is divine, His house a Kingdom
	Of Heaven, for these forms are not of this world.
	MARY. Oh, spare me! Do not spread life's carpet before me.
	I am a prisoner deep in wretchedness.
	MORTIMER. I too was one. The prison doors sprang open,
	My spirit felt itself free, hailed life's new day.
	I cursed stale books, I swore to wreathe my temples
	And dedicate myself to joyful things.
370	Noble Scots, lively Frenchmen brought me to
	Your worthy uncle, Cardinal Guise. What a man!
	The model of a king's priest, true Prince of the Church.
	MARY. You saw him? Guide of my young years! Oh, say!
	He thinks of me? Is still a rock of the Church?
	MORTIMER. Graciously he became my teacher, showed me
	That reason misleads, eyes must see, and that the
	Faithful require a visible Head of the Church.
	My childish notions vanished under his teaching
	And his persuasion. I abandoned my error,
380	I believed, came back into the fold of the Church.
	MARY. Thus you are one of thousands whom he moved by
	His speaking, like the Preacher on the Mount, ²²
	And whom he led to their eternal salvation.
	MORTIMER. When he was called back to France, he sent me to Reims,
	Where Jesuits trained priests and sent them to England. ²³
	I met the exiles Morgan and Lesley, learned
	Bishop of Ross, there, ²⁴ in whose parlor I
	Then saw a woman's portrait of such charm,
	So gripping I could not contain my feelings.
390	The Bishop said: "Full well might you be touched.
	The loveliest of women is the most pitiful.
	She suffers for our faith—in your very country."
	MARY. An honest man! His constant friendship in
	Misfortune shows me I have not yet lost all.

	MORTIMER. He told me of your martyrdom, of your enemies'
	Bloodlust, of your descent from Henry Tudor,
	Your claim more strong than that false queen's, a bastard
	Whom Henry himself denied. I consulted,
	Took counsel in law and heraldry. All things
400	Confirmed: Your just right to England is your injustice.
	The Realm belongs to you, is your possession,
	Where, guiltless, you are held a prisoner.
	MARY. Wretched right! The one source of all my sorrow!
	MORTIMER. I learned you'd been removed from Talbot's castle,
	Delivered to my uncle. I saw Heaven's
	Rescue in this, fate's call to lend you my arm
	And free you. All agree. The Cardinal gives me
	His blessing, teaches me the arts of disguise.
	I turn toward home and land here ten days ago. (<i>He pauses</i> .)
410	I saw you, Lady, you yourself, no portrait.
	A treasure locked here in this castle—
	No prison, this, instead a hall of the gods,
	More brilliant than the royal court of England.
	Happy the man who breathes this air with you!
	Quite right that she should keep you hidden from view!
	England's youth would all rise up, insurrection
	Sweep through the land, should Britons see their Queen.
	MARY. Happy is she, should they see her with your eyes!
	MORTIMER. Were they, like me, witness to your pain, your patience,
420	Composure before unworthy things. A queen still,
	You go forth from all trials, your beauty still brilliant.
	Deprived of all things that make our lives sweet,
	You yet live bathed always in light and life.
	Just to behold you is torment and delight!
	But let me not delay yet longer. One must
	Decide, for danger presses. I'll not conceal—
	MARY. Judgment has fallen? I am able to hear it.
	MORTIMER. Has fallen. Forty-two lords have found you guilty.
	Both the Lords and the Commons, London, too,
430	Demand a speedy execution, only
	The Queen delays, a ruse so others will force her—

	Not out of pity or intention to spare you
	Not out of pity or intention to spare you.
	MARY (<i>composed</i>). Sir Mortimer, you bring me no surprise,
	No shock. I've long expected this outcome.
	I know my judges. Given wrongs I have suffered,
	One cannot set me free. I know what they aim for.
	They'll keep me in perpetual prison, bury
	My claim to justice and my rightful revenge,
	Along with me, in prison's eternal night.
440	MORTIMER. They'll not stop there, my Lady. Tyranny does its
	Work thoroughly. As long as <i>you</i> live, the fear
	Of England's Queen lives on. No prison can bury
	You deep enough. Your death alone saves her throne.
	MARY. She'd dare lay my crowned head down on the block?
	MORTIMER. She will dare. Do not doubt it.
	MARY. She would so blot
	Her majesty and that of all Europe's kings?
	Does she not fear revenge exacted by France?
	MORTIMER. She'll soon conclude an endless peace with France.
	She's offered the Duke of Anjou hand and throne. ²⁵
450	MARY. The King of Spain will not declare war?
	MORTIMER. She
	Does not fear a whole world at war as long
	As she can count on peace at home—with her people.
	MARY. She'd offer such a spectacle to Britons?
	MORTIMER. Britons, my Lady, have seen lately more
	Than one fair woman leave the throne for the scaffold.
	Elizabeth's own mother went that way
	And Catherine Howard and young Lady Jane Grey. ²⁶
	MARY (<i>after a pause</i>). Noble concern for me deceives you, Mortimer
	I fear no scaffold. Other means, more quiet,
460	Can assure England's Queen peace from my claims.
	A murderer is hired before a headsman's found.
	That's what I fear. I never set a wine glass
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	To my lips but I think it spiced with her love. MORTIMER. Secret nor open murder shall succeed here. For twelve young noblemen of the land in my Alliance swore this morning on the Host

	To lead you from this castle by force of arms.	
	Count Aubespine, French ambassador, knows of our vow	
	And offers help. We gather in his palace.	
470	MARY. I tremble, sir, and not for pleasure. Do	
	You know what you are doing? Babington's	
	And Tichbourne's bloody heads hoist up on pikes	
	On London Bridge—do they not warn you? ²⁷ Not	
	The countless others daring death like them?	
	Who only made my chains the heavier? Flee,	
	Misguided boy. Flee while there is still time. If	
	The sharp-eyed Burghley does not know of you,	
	Has not already set a traitor among you.	
	Flee from this realm! No happy man has ever	
480	Saved Mary Stuart.	
	MORTIMER. Neither Babington's	
	Nor Tichbourne's bloody head hoist up on pikes	
	On London Bridge, nor countless others daring	
	Death can deter me. Did they not all find	
	Eternal fame? My joy is dying to save you.	
MARY. In vain! No force nor ruse can save me. No help.		
	The foe is ever watchful, power is his.	
	Not Paulet, not his watchmen—no!—all England	
	Hovers, keeps watch and guards my prison's gates.	
	Elizabeth alone, of her free will,	
490	Can open them for me.	
	MORTIMER. Never hope that!	
	MARY. One man there is yet able to do so.	
	MORTIMER. Name him!	
	Name him!	
	MARY. Earl Leicester.	
	MORTIMER (<i>stepping back, astonished</i>). Leicester! Earl Leicester! Your	
	Bloodiest pursuer, favorite of Elizabeth—	
	MARY. If I am to be rescued, then by him.	
	Go to him. Tell him all. As proof that I sent you,	
	Give him this letter with my likeness enclosed.	
	(She takes a paper from her bosom; Mortimer hesitates.)	

Do take it. I've long carried it—your uncle Blocked every path. My angel sent you to me— MORTIMER. My Queen, this riddle— MARY. Earl Leicester will solve it. If you trust him, he will trust you. — Who's coming? KENNEDY (*entering hurriedly*). Sir Paulet with a lord from Court. MORTIMER. Lord Burghley. Prepare yourself, Queen! Steel your heart for what he brings.

(He goes out by a side door; Kennedy follows.)

Scene Seven

Mary. Baron Burghley, Lord High Treasurer of England. Knight Paulet.

PAULET. Today you wished for certainty of your fate. That my Lord Burghley brings you. Bear it with patience. MARY. With dignity of innocence, I hope. BURGHLEY. I come as emissary of the court. MARY. Lord Burghley lent the court his mind. Dutifully He now comes to me to lend it his mouth. BURGHLEY. You speak as if you knew the verdict already. MARY. Lord Burghley brings it. Therefore it is known. To business, sir. BURGHLEY. You have submitted yourself to The court of two and forty lords, my Lady-MARY. Forgive me that I break in here at the start. "Submitted myself," I hear you say? No wise Could I submit, could I so much concede of My rank, my people's worth, and my son's,²⁸ and The worth of all the princes of this world. English law orders and prescribes that one Accused be tried by jury of his peers. What man of that tribunal was my peer? My peers are kings, kings only. BURGHLEY. You heard the articles Of accusation read you, spoke to the

520

	Point in court—
	MARY. I let myself be misled
	By Hatton's bad faith. Believing my grounds good and
	For honor's sake I heard the accusation
	And showed its bad grounds. This I did in respect of
	The person of the lords and not of their office,
	Which I reject.
	BURGHLEY. That you accept or reject them
	Is a formality, my Lady, no more,
530	And cannot hamper the proceedings of court.
	You breathe the air of England, enjoy protection
	Of England's laws, are subject to its justice.
	MARY. I breathe the air of an English prison. Is that
	Protection of the laws? I hardly know
	English law, never have consented to keep it.
	I am no citizen of this realm but
	Queen of another.
	BURGHLEY. Holding license to sow
	Dissension here among us? What then if
	The sword of justice could not reach a royal
540	Stranger any more than a poor man's bare head?
	MARY. I have no wish to escape a reckoning;
	I take exception only to my judges.
	BURGHLEY. Your judges? Are they outcasts? Barkers? Shop boys?
	Are they not men of the first order, truthful
	And independent, above bribery and fear?
	The men who rule a noble people, free
	And just, whose names alone suffice to banish
	Doubt and suspicion? At their head the Primate
	Of Canterbury, the wise Talbot, who keeps the
550	Great Seal, ²⁹ and Howard, our Lord High Admiral?
	Say! Could the ruler over England do better
	Than choose the noblest and appoint them judges
	Of a dispute of royalty? Could base
	Motives unite forty such men in one verdict?
	MARY (after a silence).
	I hear, astonished, the pure force of that mouth,

Ever for me a harbinger of doom. How shall I, untaught woman, take up the challenge A speaker of such eloquence throws down? Fine! Were these lords as you describe them, I'd 560 Fall silent, my cause lost, should they find me guilty. *I* see these men, whose names are meant to crush me, Play roles quite different in the history of England. I see high noblemen play seraglio slave to The sultan's moods of Henry Tudor, my uncle. I see both the Lords and the biddable Commons Make laws, revoke them, bind and loose wedlock to King's orders, disown princes' daughters today, brand Them bastards, and then crown them queen, come the morrow. I see these worthy peers change their confession 570 Four times precisely, under four reigns.³⁰ BURGHLEY. You call yourself a stranger to England's laws, England's misfortunes are no stranger to you. MARY. I would be just toward you, my Lord High Treasurer, Be you no less so toward me. They say you Are well-intentioned toward the State, toward your Queen, Are incorruptible, watchful and tireless. I believe it. You are ruled alone by interests Of country and sovereign. For that reason, beware! Let Interests of state not seem like justice to you. 580 I doubt not there are noble men beside you Among my judges; they are *Protestants*; Defending England's welfare, they pass judgment Upon me, Queen of Scotland and a Catholic. Briton nor Scot is ever just toward the other. That is proverbial. Neither may bear witness Against the other. Ancient custom is honored! Nature herself threw them together on A slender plank in the sea, said, "Fight it out!" The narrow Tweed presents too thin a boundary. 590 No foes press England whom Scots do not join, On civil war in Scotland England heaps tinder. Hatred will not die until one Parliament

	Joins them, a single	e scepter rules this Island.
	BURGHLEY. A Stuart i	s to bring this joy to the Realm?
	MARY. Should I deny i	t? I admit: I dreamt of
	Uniting both folk in	n the shade of the olive.
	I never dreamt that	t I'd be sacrificed to
	Their ancient hatre	d. Like my ancestor Richmond,
600		e the two kingdoms like roses. ³¹ e a crooked path to reach this end,
		through flames of civil war.
	e e	nt that, by all that is holy!
		nat? Tell me! Where are the proofs?
		come here to dispute. It is proven.
		nave concluded you broke
		and are subject to justice. ³²
	•	"If tumult arise in the Kingdom
	-	nd in name of one who
	Asserts rights to th	e Crown, that person shall be
610	Arraigned and if fo	ound guilty, put to death."
	It being proven—	
	MARY. M	y Lord Burghley! I
	Do not doubt that a	a measure framed expressly
	For <i>me</i> , to ruin me,	lets itself be applied.
	Pity the victim whe	en one same hand made law,
	Then passes judgm	nent. Do you deny, my Lord, that
	This law was thoug	sht up to undo me?
	BURGHLEY.	Rather,
	To warn you. It's ye	ou have made it into a trap.
	You saw the abyss	before you and plunged in. You
		ington, the traitor, and
620		ew of everything, directed
	The plot from prise	
	MARY.	When did I do that?
	Produce the proofs	
	BURGHLEY.	All these were shown you in court.
	-	and in an unknown hand!
		ht that I dictated those notes
	And in the form in	which they were read aloud.

	BURGHLEY. That Babington, before he died, attested
	Them in the form he had received.
	MARY. And why
	Was he not brought before me? He was bustled
	Out of the world beforehand. Why the great haste?
630	BURGHLEY. Your two scribes, Curle and Nau, assert on oath
	They wrote exactly as you told them to do. ³³
	MARY. One damns me on the witness of my servants?
	Men who, betraying me, betray their duty?
	BURGHLEY. You, too, declared the Scot Curle honest and true.
	MARY. As such I knew him. Only danger tests virtue.
	He thought to save himself, with scant harm to me.
	BURGHLEY. He swore it freely.
	MARY. Not to my face! What, sir?
	Those witnesses live yet! Let them be brought
	Before me, let both testify to my face!
640	I know from Talbot, once my keeper, of a
	New measure passed providing that accuser
	Meet accused face to face. Is it not so,
	Sir Paulet? I know you an honest man.
	In England there is such a law?
	PAULET. There is such, Lady. That is law among us.
	I must speak truth.
	MARY. How now, my Lord? If one
	Is strict where English law's against me, may one
	Evade a law turned in my favor? An answer!
	Wherefore was Babington not brought before me
650	According to law? Why not both my scribes,
	Who are yet living?
	BURGHLEY. Not alone your collusion
	With Babington—
	MARY. Alone that. That alone puts me to the law,
	That charge alone am I obliged to defeat.
	BURGHLEY. It's proven you had contact with the Spanish
	Ambassador—
	MARY (<i>heated</i>). But you evade me, my Lord!
	BURGHLEY. —and that you schemed to bring down our land's religion,

	You stirred up all the kings in Europe against us.
	MARY. And if I did? I did not. But if I did?
660	My Lord! I am held here against all law
	Of nations. A supplicant, I entered here,
	Requiring sacred hospitality,
	Asking protection of a queen of my kin.
	They seized me, shackled me— Just tell me this!
	Is my conscience bound to this state? Have I duties
	Toward England? It is my most sacred right
	To struggle against such bonds, meet force with force,
	To raise all states in Europe to my defense.
	All that is accepted, right and honest in war—
670	That I may do. Not murder. Pride and conscience
	Forbid that. Murder dishonors me—dishonors,
	Not damns me, does not subject me to justice.
	Of justice there can be no question between
	England and me. Force is our sole resort.
	BURGHLEY (with meaning).
	Do not presume the awful rights of raw power,
	My Lady. For they little favor a prisoner.
	MARY. Quite right. I am the weak one, she the strong.
	So be it. Let her use her power, let
	Her kill me, bring such victim to her safety.
680	But let her then confess that she has used
	Force and not justice. Let no claim noise abroad,
	Fooling the world, that it's a lawful sword
	She wields to rid herself of her hated foe!
	Murder me—that she can, but not judge me.
	She cleanse her face of the paints of virtue's charade
	And show herself to the world just as she is made.
	(She goes off.)

Scene Eight

Burghley. Paulet.

	BURGHLEY. She spites us, will spite us until she reaches
	The scaffold steps. She will not let us break her.
	Was she surprised to hear the verdict? Did you
690	See her face change? She has no need of our pity.
	She knows the doubts of England's Queen and our
	Fears give her courage.
	PAULET. This defiance will vanish
	When it has lost its grounds. We've not proceeded
	Faultlessly here, sir, if I may say so.
	Tichbourne and Babington ought to have been brought
	Before her, and her scribes.
	BURGHLEY (quickly). Oh, no! One dared not!
	Her influence and the force of woman's tears
	Are too great. Curle, obliged to speak against
	Her to her face, would retract his confession—
700	PAULET. And England's foes will fill the world with rumors
	And make a shameless crime of her solemn trial.
	BURGHLEY. Exactly what our Queen fears. Had this trouble-
	Maker but died before she set foot in England!
	PAULET. Amen to that!
	BURGHLEY. Or sickness in prison snatched
	Her away!
	PAULET. That had spared us much.
	BURGHLEY. Or pure chance
	Removed her. — They'd still call us murderers though.
	PAULET. True. Men will always think whatever they please.
	BURGHLEY. No one could prove it. It would raise less noise—
	PAULET. Let it! One fears not loud but just reproach.
710	BURGHLEY. Why even holy justice does not escape blame.
	The sword of justice, ornament in a man's hand,
	Abhorrent wielded by a woman, becomes
	Abomination used <i>against</i> a woman.
	The world believes woman never just toward woman.
	We judges spoke our conscience in vain. Mercy is a

	King's right. She dare not let the law run its course.
	PAULET. The Lady then—
	BURGHLEY (quickly). Should live? No! Not at all!
	She cannot live. Just that is what our Queen fears.
	I read her struggle in her eyes. She'll not speak;
720	Her eyes ask: Is there none among my servants
	To spare me the choice: or fear and trembling on
	My throne or royal kin put to the knife?
	PAULET. Such is necessity. It's not to be changed.
	BURGHLEY. It would be changed were her servants attentive.
	PAULET. Attentive!
	BURGHLEY. Acting on a silent charge.
	PAULET. A silent charge!
	BURGHLEY. Not keeping a poisonous snake
	Like treasure.
	PAULET (<i>with meaning</i>). Good name is a treasure like none.
	One guards the Queen's unspotted name like gold.
	BURGHLEY. Back at the time one took the Lady from Shrewsbury,
730	Confided her to Paulet's keeping, the thought was—
	PAULET. The thought, I hope, was to entrust the hardest
	Task to the cleanest hands. By God! I'd have never
	Taken this odious office, did I not think it
	Required the best man in all England. Let me
	Not think it owed to other than my good name.
	BURGHLEY. One spreads abroad she is failing, lets her become
	More and more sick, then vanish in all stillness—
	Thus she will die in the memory of men—
	And your name is ever spotless.
	PAULET. Not my conscience.
740	BURGHLEY. If you'll not lend your own hand, just not block—
	PAULET (<i>interrupts</i>). Under my roof no murderer shall come near her.
	My house gods keep her, her head's sacred to me.
	That of the Queen of England is no more so.
	You are the judges! So judge! Break the staff!
	And when the time comes, let your workmen with axe and
	Saw enter and erect the scaffold. Sheriff
	And headsman shall find my castle's gates open.

She's given me to keep safe. Safe I shall keep her. No evil shall she do, and no evil reach her.

(They go off.)



Elizabeth I of England, ca. 1580, oil on panel. English School. Wikimedia, public domain, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:English_School_Elizabeth_I_of_England_c._1580.jpg

Act Two

The Palace of Westminster

Scene One

Earl Kent and Sir William Davison meet.

750	DAVISON. Is th	at you, Lord Kent? Back from the lists so soon?
	The festival'	s done?
	KENT.	Were you not at the games?
	DAVISON. I cou	ld not get away.
	KENT.	A brilliant spectacle!
	A feat of goo	od taste and good manners. Just listen!
	A virginal st	ronghold of Beauty is
	Assaulted by	y Desire. Lord Marshal, Chief Judge,
	The Senesch	al and other knights of the Queen
	Defend it. Fi	ance's cavaliers attack.
	A Herald in	a madrigal had called out
	The fortress,	the Chancellor answered from the wall.
760	Artillery no	w comes into play, fires bouquets and perfumes.
	In vain! The	storm repulsed, Desire must withdraw.
	DAVISON. An e	vil augury for the French suit, I fear.
	KENT. Oh, only	jest. The fort will yield in the end.
	DAVISON. You	think so? I doubt it.
	KENT.	The difficult points are
	Settled, adm	itted all: Monsieur ³⁴ will worship
	In a closed c	hapel, honor our Church, defend it
	Abroad. Ha	d you but seen how all men rejoiced!

Eternal fear in this Kingdom is that she Die without issue and this Stuart, a Catholic, Succeed her.

DAVISON. England need fear such a succession No longer. *She* goes into the bridal chamber, My Lady Mary to the steps of the scaffold.

KENT. The Queen is coming!

Scene Two

As above. Elizabeth, escorted by Leicester. Count Aubespine, Bellievre, Earl Shrewsbury, Lord Burghley, with other French and English Lords, enter.

ELIZABETH (to Aubespine). Count! I do lament These noble lords, whom gallant zeal has brought us Across the waters, that they not find the courtly Glories of Saint Germain³⁵ here at my Court. Magnificent feasts of the gods the Queen Mother Of France³⁶ invents are all beyond me. A Contented, mannerly folk thronging my litter Wherever I appear-this spectacle I Can offer strangers' gaze with some pride. Brilliance Of noble damsels all abloom in Catherine's Gardens of beauty simply would eclipse my Less glorious deserts along with their author. AUBESPINE. Westminster's court shows but one lady, to the Stranger's surprise, but all that pleases in The charming sex is gathered up in this one. BELLIEVRE. Exalted Majesty of England, grant That we take leave, to delight Monsieur, our royal Lord, with the much-desired news. His heart's impatience Has driven him from Paris. He awaits The messengers of his good fortune in Amiens, And he has sent his posts as far as Calais To bring acceptance that your royal mouth speaks With lightning speed to his ecstatic ear.

770

780

	ELIZABETH. Count Bellievre, do not press me. It is not time, I
	Repeat, to light the wedding torch. A cloud
	Hangs over England, mourning would become me
	Far more than blinding bridal display. A painful
800	Blow is about to strike my heart and my House.
	BELLIEVRE. A promise to be honored in happier times, then.
	ELIZABETH. Kings are the slaves of their rank, never free
	To follow their heart. Ever have I wished
	To die unmarried, have inscribed on my tomb:
	"Here lies the virgin Queen." That had been fame!
	My subjects will have none of it. They only
	Think of when I am gone. Not enough that <i>now</i>
	Blessing lies on this land. I'm taxed with their future.
	My virgin freedom I'm to give for my people,
810	A lord and master they would force on me, too.
	He will make clear that I am a mere woman,
	And <i>I</i> thought I'd ruled like a man and a king.
	I understand God is not served when one
	Departs from Nature's order. All praise to those
	Before me who opened cloisters, restored whole thousands
	To Nature's duties. ³⁷ But a queen who does
	Not spend her days in idle reflection, rather
	Takes up the heaviest duties undiscouraged—
	Let her be excepted from the natural purpose
820	That makes one half our kind submit to the other.
	AUBESPINE. With every virtue glorified on your throne,
	My Queen, you need but light the way of the sex
	Of which you are the glory by offering it
	A model of its signal deserts. To be sure,
	There lives no man on earth who is worthy of
	Your bringing him the sacrifice of your freedom.
	But if high birth, high rank, heroic virtues
	And manly beauty should make a mortal worth
	That honor—
	ELIZABETH. There's no doubt, Ambassador,
830	That marriage to a royal son of France does
	Me honor! I confess most frankly if it

Must be,	, if I <i>must</i> yield to my people	e's insistence,
	as I fear, will prove yet stror	
I know r	no prince in Europe whom I	I would give
My grea	itest treasure, freedom, with	n less reluctance.
Let this	confession be enough for yo	ou.
	E. It is the <i>loveliest</i> of hopes by	
	My Lord would wish more-	•
ELIZABETH	-	What would he wish?
(She draa	ws a ring from her finger and o	contemplates it.)
	ng the queen exceeds the co	
	l the same sign points to on	
	e same servitude. A ring ma	
	s, too, that make chains. Pre	
0	. It is no chain yet, does not	, and the second s
-	n yet become a link that do	
	<i>E</i> (kneeling to receive the ring).	
In his na	ame, great Queen, I receive	this gift
And pre	ess the kiss of homage on m	y Queen's hand.
ELIZABETH	H (to Earl Leicester, at whom sh	<i>he gazed throughout this last speech).</i>
My Lord	l, permit me!	
(She rem	oves his blue sash ³⁸ and drapes	s it on Bellievre.)
	Drape this orna	ament
About H	Iis Highness as I drape you	here and
Receive	you into the duties of my O	Prder.
Honny so	oit qui mal y pense! All suspi	cion
Between	our nations vanish, let a sa	ish
Of trust	embrace the Crowns of Fra	nce and Britain!
AUBESPINI	E. Great Queen, this is a day	of joy for all.
May no	afflicted soul on this Island	feel pain!
Mercy s	hines on your brow. Oh, tha	at a glimmer
Of its joy	yful light fall upon an unha	рру
Princess	of equal interest to both Br	itain
And Fra	nce—	
ELIZABETH	H. No more, Count. Let u	us not mix two
Affairs t	hat can in no way be related	d.
If France	e desires alliance with me ir	n earnest,
It must t	take part in every concern o	of mine.

It cannot be the friend of my foe— AUBESPINE. Unworthy In your eyes, too, were it, should it forget in This bond an unhappy soul of its confession And widow of its king.³⁹ Mere honor, human Feeling— ELIZABETH. In this sense I know how to value Its plea. France answers to its duty of friendship. It shall be granted me to act as a queen.

(She bows to the French Lords, who withdraw respectfully with the other Lords.)

Scene Three

Elizabeth. Leicester. Burghley. Talbot. The Queen takes her seat.

	BURGHLEY. Most glorious Queen! Today you answer the wishes
870	Of all your people. Now at last we can
	Enjoy the blessed days you grant us, no longer
	Staring into a stormy future. But one
	Thing more would all demand. Grant this and today
	Has founded England's welfare for all time.
	ELIZABETH. What more do my people want? Tell me, my Lord.
	BURGHLEY. They
	Demand the head of Mary Stuart. If you
	Would give them precious freedom, the light of Truth,
	She must no longer be. If we are not to
	Fear for your life, your foe must perish. You know
880	Not all our Britons think alike. Full many
	Pay secret tribute to Roman idolatry.
	Sworn to the brothers Lorraine, ⁴⁰ they have vowed you
	War to the death. The Bishop's seat at Reims is
	Their arsenal. There they forge hot thunderbolts,
	Teach regicide and send out missions, fanatics

In all kinds of disguise. Three times they've attempted Your life. They hatch more of their likes in this pit. At Fotheringhay sits the Ate⁴¹ of this war, Enflaming the Realm with the torch of love. 890 She flatters youths with hope, to certain destruction. The lure is to free her, to replace you their purpose. Lorraine believes you a usurper, crowned by chance. They led the foolish Mary to call herself queen. There'll be no peace with her, none with her House! Or you must strike the blow or you must receive it. Her life is death to you, her death your life! ELIZABETH. My Lord, yours is a dismal office. I know Your chaste zeal, know the solid wisdom you speak. This wisdom, though, demands blood, which I loathe. 900 Find milder counsel. Lord Shrewsbury, what say you? TALBOT. You justly praise the zeal inspiring loyal Burghley's breast. I, though far less eloquent, Nurture a heart no less true. Long live my Queen, The joy of her folk, long live the peace that she brings us! This Island has not seen such days since ruled By its own princes. May it not redeem its Good fortune at the price of its good name. May Talbot's eyes be closed if ever this be! ELIZABETH. God save us if we ever blot our good name! 910 TALBOT. You then will think of other means of saving The Realm. For executing Mary Stuart Is no lawful means. You cannot pronounce Judgment against one who is not your subject, As she is not. ELIZABETH. My Council of State then Is wrong, and wrong my Parliament and the law courts Of England, which all recognized this right— TALBOT. Vote of majority is no proof of justice. England is not the world, your Parliament No union of all humankind. Nor is 920 Present-day England to be our England in future As it is not the England of the past.

	As inclination rises, then falls, so judgment,
	Too, rises and falls, a wandering wave on the sea.
	Do not claim you must yield to what is needful,
	To your people's clamor. Every moment you
	Can prove your will free. But try it. Declare
	That you loathe blood, <i>wish</i> to see your sister saved.
	Show those of different counsel truth of king's anger.
	Necessity you'll see vanish, justice become
930	Injustice. You must judge, you only. You
	Cannot lean on this broken reed. Heed your goodness.
	God laid no rigor in a woman's heart,
	Our Forebears, who let women rule, too, decreed
	That rigor be no virtue among <i>our</i> kings.
	ELIZABETH. Lord Shrewsbury gives warm counsel for my foe.
	I would hear counsel in my favor instead.
	TALBOT. One granted her no counsel, no one dared speak
	In her behalf, expose himself to your wrath.
	Grant me, an old man on the brink of the grave
940	Whom earthly hope no longer seduces, right to
	Protect her now she is abandoned. Let
	One not say passion and self-seeking spoke
	Loudly in your State Council, mercy was silent.
	The world entire unites in league against her,
	And you yourself have never seen her face.
	Nothing in your heart speaks for this stranger.
	I do not speak here in defense of her guilt.
	They say she had her husband murdered. Proven
	Is that she wed the murderer—a grave crime!
950	These things took place in dark times—civil war.
	Beset by hostile vassals, in her weakness
	She threw herself into a bold man's strong arms.
	Who knows what artful force had mastered her?
	For woman is but weak and easily broken.
	ELIZABETH. Woman is not weak. There are strong souls among
	I'll not hear weakness spoken of in my presence.
	TALBOT. Ill fortune served you as a hard school. You saw
	No far-away throne, but a grave at your feet.

us.

	At Woodstock, in the Tower you were brought up
960	In sorrow, without flatterers. ⁴² Far from the world,
	You learned reflection, insight, life's true goods.
	<i>She</i> , still a child, was brought to France, to the court
	Of thoughtless pleasure and frivolity,
	Dazzled by brilliant vice and swept toward ruin.
	She had received the idle gift of beauty,
	· ·
	She outshone all her kind in rank and figure—
	ELIZABETH. Come to yourself, Lord Shrewsbury! We sit in Council.
	What charms must they be to enflame an old man!
970	Lord Leicester, you alone are silent? What
970	Makes <i>him</i> so eloquent, does it strike <i>you</i> dumb?
	LEICESTER. Surprise dumbfounds me, Queen. One fills your ear
	With horrors, tales that terrify the riffraff
	Of London's back lanes make their way into your
	State Council, occupy the minds of grave men.
	Amazement seizes me that the landless Queen
	Of Scotland, powerless to keep her own throne,
	Derision of her vassals, dregs of her land,
	Should terrify you now she is in prison!
	What makes her so frightful? That she claims your realm? That
980	The House of Guise will not know you as Queen?
	Can their dispute reach a right yours from birth?
	Confirmed by act of Parliament? Is she
	Not silently refused by Henry's last will?
	Will England, content in this new Light, now throw
	Itself into a papist's arms, desert its
	Adored Queen for the one who murdered Darnley?
	What do they want, these men who torment you, yet
	Alive, with this heir? Cannot marry you soon
	Enough to save both Church and Kingdom from danger?
990	Are you not still in the first bloom of youth?
	Does she not fade daily into the grave?
	By God! I hope you tread that grave yet many
	A year without having to cast her into it.
	BURGHLEY. Lord Leicester has not always judged things so.

LEICESTER. It's true, before the <i>court</i> I voted her death.
In Council I say otherwise. We speak
Here not of justice but of our advantage.
Is now the time to fear her? France, her sole shield,
Deserts her, now that you would give the king's son
Your hand and hope of new heirs blooms in the land.
Why kill her? She <i>is</i> dead! Contempt is true death.
Beware lest pity bring her back to life!
My counsel: Let the sentence stand in full force.
She live, but under the keen blade of the axe.
An arm raised in her behalf and the axe falls.
ELIZABETH (<i>rising</i>). My Lords, I thank you. I have heard your counsel.
With God's help, who lights kings' way on this earth,
I shall consider and choose what seems best.

Scene Four

As above. Knight Paulet with Mortimer.

ELIZABETH. Here's Amias Paulet. What do you bring, sir?
PAULET. My glorious Queen, my nephew, newly returned from
Far travels, throws himself at your feet and swears
Allegiance. Pray receive him into your favor.
MORTIMER (dropping to one knee).
Long live my royal Lady, crowned in glory!
ELIZABETH. Stand up. I welcome you in England, sir.
You have made the Grand Tour, crossed France to Rome,
And stopped at Reims. What are our foes plotting now?
MORTIMER. Confusion fog their minds and turn their arrows
Back on their bowmen!
ELIZABETH. You saw Morgan and Ross? ⁴³
MORTIMER. I met all Scottish exiles plotting against us
At Reims and gained their trust.
PAULET. They gave him letters
In cipher for the Scottish Queen. He has
Delivered them all into our hands, my Queen.

	ELIZABETH. And what are they preparing for us now?
	MORTIMER. They were all thunderstruck that France forsakes them
	And binds itself to England. They put their hopes now
	In Spain.
	ELIZABETH. As Walsingham has written me.44
	MORTIMER. A bull against you, hurled from Rome by the Pope,
	Arrived at Reims just as I left. The next ship
	Brings it to England. ⁴⁵
	LEICESTER. England fears such no longer.
1030	BURGHLEY. A fearful weapon in fanatics' hands.
	ELIZABETH (with a searching look at Mortimer).
	At Reims, they say, you studied and converted?
	MORTIMER. I'll not deny that I gave myself the air.
	My great desire to serve you went so far!
	ELIZABETH (to Paulet, who presents papers).
	What's this?
	PAULET. A letter from the Queen of Scotland.
	BURGHLEY (reaching for the letter). Give it to me.
	PAULET (giving the letter to the Queen).
	Pardon, my Lord High Treasurer! Into the Queen's
	Own hands. These are my orders. She always says
	That I am her foe. I am not. I oppose
	Only her vices. What agrees with my duties
1040	I gladly render her.
	(While the Queen reads the letter, Mortimer and Leicester speak secretly.) ⁴⁶
	BURGHLEY (to Paulet). What's in that letter?
	Complaints that should be spared the Queen's soft heart.
	PAULET. That she has told me. She begs as a great favor
	To see the Queen face to face.
	BURGHLEY (quickly). Not on my life!
	TALBOT. Why not? She asks for nothing unlawful.
	BURGHLEY. The favor of the Queen's face she has undone
	As one who plotted murder. No true and faithful
	Counsel would give such treasonous advice.
	TALBOT. If our Queen wishes to oblige her, would

	You hamper such a merciful impulse?
1050	BURGHLEY. She is condemned. Her head is under the axe.
	It ill becomes Her Majesty to see
	A head condemned to death. And judgment cannot
	Be carried out. The royal presence brings mercy—
	ELIZABETH (having read the letter, drying her tears).
	Oh, what is man? What earthly happiness?
	How far this queen has fallen, who set out
	With proud hopes, was called to the oldest throne
	In Christendom, and thought to wear three crowns! ⁴⁷
	How different her words from when she assumed
	The arms of England and let herself be called
1060	Queen of the British Isles! ⁴⁸ Your pardon, my Lords.
	Sorrow and sadness seize me, seeing earthly
	Things stand no faster, feeling human fate,
	The terrifying, brush just past <i>my</i> head.
	TALBOT. Oh, merciful Queen, God has touched your heart.
	Obey this heavenly urging! Gravely she has
	Atoned a grave crime. Let her trials now end!
	Give her your hand, descend, a light in her darkness.
	BURGHLEY. Stand fast, great Queen. Let no grand feeling mislead you.
	Do not rob yourself of your freedom to do
1070	What must be. Pardon her you <i>cannot</i> , nor save her.
	Do not invite blame that you looked in triumph
	Upon your victim, feasted on the sight.
	LEICESTER. Let's keep ourselves in proper bounds, my Lords.
	The Queen has no need of our wisdom to choose
	The worthiest course. Meeting of the two queens
	Is unrelated to proceedings at court.
	Mary's condemned by England's law, not the Queen's will.
	Becoming to Elizabeth's great soul
	Is that she follow urgings of her heart,
1080	So far the law keeps to its proper course.
	ELIZABETH. Go now, my Lords. Leave us to find means, duly
	To join requirements mercy makes of us
	With what necessity imposes upon us.
	Now take your leave.

(The Lords go off. She calls Mortimer back from the threshold.)

Sir Mortimer! One word!

Scene Five

Elizabeth. Mortimer.

	ELIZABETH (having measured him with her gaze).
	You showed bold courage and rare self-restraint for
	Your years. A man who masters arts of deception
	So young matures soon, shortens his probation.
	Destiny calls you to a grand career.
	<i>I</i> prophesy it of you and, to your
1090	Good fortune, I can make my prophecy come true.
	MORTIMER. Exalted Mistress, what I am and can do
	Is dedicated to your service only.
	ELIZABETH. You, who have come to know the enemies of England,
	Know, too, their fierce hate cannot be reconciled,
	Nor can their murderous projects be exhausted.
	Almighty God has shielded me until now, but
	The crown on my head trembles while she lives,
	Giving fanatics a pretext, feeding their hopes.
	MORTIMER. She lives no longer once you give the order.
1100	ELIZABETH. I believed that once and I have gotten no further.
	I wanted to let the law act and keep
	My hands clean. Judgment has been passed. What have
	I gained? A verdict must be executed.
	And <i>I</i> must give the order. Mine is the deed.
	It's I must own it. There's no saving appearance.
	MORTIMER. What harm appearance where the cause is just?
	ELIZABETH. How little you know the world, Knight!
	What one <i>appears</i> has everyone for a judge,
	What one <i>is</i> has none. Of my justice I'll
1110	Persuade no one. My part in this must be doubtful.
	Darkness alone protects so double a deed.

Most foolish of all is to own to a thing. One does not lose what one does not give away. MORTIMER (feeling his way). The best thing then would be-ELIZABETH (swiftly). Of course it would! My guardian angel speaks through you. Go on! You grasp the matter, unlike Paulet, your uncle. MORTIMER (startled). You put it to the Knight? ELIZABETH. To my great regret. MORTIMER. Forgive the old man. Age makes him uncertain. Such daring demands youth. ELIZABETH (quickly). From you I may-MORTIMER. I lend you my hand. Save your name as you're able-ELIZABETH. If you should wake me with the news one morning: The Stuart Queen has gone out of this life-MORTIMER. Count on me. ELIZABETH. When shall I sleep peacefully again? MORTIMER. Let the next new moon bring you peace. ELIZABETH. Farewell, sir. My gratitude must take the colors of night. But silence is the god of men of good fortune. Secrecy fastens tenderest bonds warm and tight. (She goes off.)

Scene Six

Mortimer alone

Go now, dissembling Queen. As *you*, the world Just so will *I* deceive you. Do I look like A murderer? Is there ruthlessness in my face? Just you trust in *my* arm, hold yours back, take on A merciful air, and wait for my aid— And we'll gain time to join force for her rescue! Advance me, dangle a great prize— And were *you* That great prize—you and all your woman's favors! Who are you? What can *you* give? The *one* highest good,

1120

Life's greatest ornament, when one heart, self-Forgetting, rapt, gives itself to another— This crown of womanhood you've never known Nor ever been the happiness of a man. I must await Lord Leicester—odious errand! I'll save her, I alone, by my design, Danger, fame and the prize— They shall be mine! (As he is about to go, Paulet enters.)

Scene Seven

Mortimer. Paulet. Then Leicester. PAULET. What did the Queen say? MORTIMER. Nothing, Uncle, nothing At all important. PAULET (fixing him). Listen, Mortimer! You're stepping onto a slippery slope. A king's Favor seduces, youth craves honor. Don't let Ambition draw you down the wrong path! But Uncle-MORTIMER. Were you not the one who brought me to court? PAULET. And how I wish I had not! Our house did not Gain its good name at this Court. You stand firm, My nephew. Do not pay too high a price! Do not offend your conscience! MORTIMER. What are you thinking? PAULET. However great the Queen would make you, mistrust Her flatteries. When you have done her bidding, she will Deny you and avenge the bloody deed To keep her name spotless. MORTIMER. You say, bloody deed-PAULET. Enough such shamming! I know what she has Presumed of you. She hopes to find your youthful Ambition willing as my brittle old age Was not. Did you consent? Did you? MORTIMER. My uncle!

1140

1150

LEICESTER (entering).

Good sir, permit a word with your nephew here. The Queen is well-disposed toward him, she wishes That Lady Stuart's person be committed To him without condition. She puts her trust In his good faith. PAULET. In his good faith—well, fine! LEICESTER. You say— PAULET. Her trust in his good faith! And I, My Lord, put *my* trust in my two open eyes. (*He goes off.*)

Scene Eight

Leicester. Mortimer.

	LEICESTER (astonished). What has come over the Knig	ht?
1170	MORTIMER. I do not know. The unexpected trust—	
	LEICESTER (with a searching gaze).	
	Tell me, Knight, do you deserve to be trusted?	
	MORTIMER (equally searching).	
	I put the same question to you, Lord Leicester.	
	LEICESTER. You wished to speak to me in confidence.	
	MORTIMER. Assure me first that I dare do so, my Lord.	
	LEICESTER. And who gives me assurance for you, sir?	
	Let my mistrust not be thought an insult! I	
	See you assume two faces at this Court.	
	One necessarily is false. Which is it?	
	MORTIMER. That is just as I find it with you, Earl Leices	ster.
1180	LEICESTER. Who is to make a start?	
	MORTIMER. One with less to lose	2.
	LEICESTER. Well, then. That's you!	
	MORTIMER. It's you. The witness	s of one
	So eminent and powerful can destroy me.	
	Mine's null and void against your rank and favor.	
	LEICESTER. Quite wrong! In all else I am powerful,	
	But not on the sore point I am about to	
	Betray to you. There I can be brought to fall.	

	MORTIMER. If almighty Lord Leicester condescends	
	To make such a confession to me, then I	
	Can think more highly of myself and set an	
1190	Example.	
	LEICESTER. Go before me. I will follow.	
	MORTIMER (producing the letter).	
	A letter sent you by the Queen of Scotland.	
	LEICESTER (starts and reaches for the letter).	
	Speak softly, sir. What's this? Oh! It's her likeness!	
	(<i>He kisses it, then contemplates it in silence.</i>) ⁴⁹	
	MORTIMER (having observed Leicester sharphy while he reads).	
	My Lord, I believe you now.	
	LEICESTER (<i>having read</i>). You know what this says?	
	MORTIMER. Not in the least.	
	LEICESTER. She will have told you—	
	MORTIMER. Nothing	
	At all. I'm baffled that Elizabeth's	
	Favorite, Earl Leicester, Mary's sworn enemy,	
	One of her judges, is the man from whom	
	That Queen hopes rescue. Yet your eyes tell me	
	Too clearly what you feel for her.	
	LEICESTER. First tell me	
1200	Why her fate interests you so hotly, sir, how	
	You gained her trust.	
	MORTIMER. In few words: I was converted	
	At Rome, allied with the Guises, and commended	
	By the Archbishop to the Queen of Scotland.	
	LEICESTER. I know of your conversion. It stirred my trust.	
	Your hand, sir. Pardon my doubts. I cannot be	
	Too careful. Walsingham and Burghley hate me.	
	You could have been their tool—	
	MORTIMER. What small steps a great	
	Lord must take at this Court—	
	LEICESTER. What happiness to	
	Confess to a friend how I was constrained!	
1210	I never hated Mary. Force of events	
	Set me against her. Long before Darnley,	

She was intended for me—favor I scorned. I seek her now, imprisoned, at death's door, At risk of my life. MORTIMER. An act that calls for courage. LEICESTER. The shape of things has changed in the meanwhile, sir. Ambition made me cold to youth and beauty. I hoped yet to possess the Queen of England. MORTIMER. And it is known to all that she preferred you. LEICESTER. It seemed so. But after ten lost years of an 1220 Unflagging courtship, hated constraint—Oh, sir, My heart swells! Why, if only they knew what chains They envy me for! After ten years of burning Incense to her vanity, submitting To every ripple in her sultan's moods, A plaything of her whims and stubbornness, Caressed now by her tenderness, now repulsed By her stiff pride, tormented equally First by her favor, then by her cold rigor, Watched like a prisoner by her Argus-eyed 1230 Jealousy, cross-examined like a child, Shamed like a servant—words fail for this hell— I'm cheated at the post of my prize. Another Comes and I lose my long-possessed rights to a Blossoming young bridegroom, am pushed off the stage. Her hand and favor I lose—he is lovable. MORTIMER. He's Catherine's son and pupil. He knows to please. LEICESTER. I look for a spar in this shipwreck and Return to my first hope. Ambition drives me No longer. Youth and beauty move me. I 1240 Compare and see the treasure I have lost. I see her plunged deep into wretchedness by My fault. If I could save her now and possess her? I reach her and reveal my changed heart.⁵⁰ You bring A letter saying she forgives and accepts me. MORTIMER. But nothing have you done that would save her! You let her be condemned and voted her death! A miracle must happen, light of Truth

	Must strike me, her guard's nephew, Heaven must
	Prepare a savior in Rome's Vatican. Or
1250	She'd not have found a way to contact you!
	LEICESTER. It cost me quite enough! Just then they took her
	From Talbot. Fotheringhay became her prison,
	Paulet her warden. I was blocked. Before the
	World I must prosecute her. Do not think
	I'd let her die. I hoped, still hope to hinder
	The worst until means can be found to free her.
	MORTIMER. Means have been found. My secret given for yours. I
	Shall be the one to free her. I'm here for that.
	We're ready. Your support assures our success.
1260	LEICESTER. What's that? You frighten me. You would—
	MORTIMER. Throw open
	Her prison by force. I have confederates, all's—
	LEICESTER. Confederates? Confidants? Who know my secret?
	MORTIMER. Be unconcerned. Our plan was made without you,
	It can be done without you.
	LEICESTER. I am assured
	My name will not be mentioned?
	MORTIMER. Quite sure. So
	Cautious, my Lord? You would save Lady Stuart,
	Possess her? You find friends as if sent from Heaven,
	And you show more unease than joy and relief?
	LEICESTER. No use of force! Too dangerous!
	MORTIMER. So is delay!
1270	LEICESTER. Sir, I insist. It is not to be dared.
	MORTIMER (bitter). No indeed! Not by you, who want to possess her!
	We only want to save her, <i>we</i> don't dither.
	LEICESTER. Knight, you are hasty in a thorny cause.
	MORTIMER. And you slow and cold in a case of honor.
	LEICESTER. I see us caught up and entangled in nets.
	MORTIMER. I feel the courage to cut all of them through.
	LEICESTER. This courage is called madness, courage of fools.
	MORTIMER. This prudence is less than true valor, my Lord.
	LEICESTER. You'd like to find your way to Babington's end?

1280	MORTIMER. And you'd not imitate Lord Norfolk's great heart? ⁵¹
	LEICESTER. Norfolk's fortune was not to lead a bride home.
	MORTIMER. He proved that he was worthy of doing so.
	LEICESTER. If we are lost in this, <i>she</i> is lost, too.
	MORTIMER. And if we shy back, she will not be saved.
	LEICESTER. You will spoil all that's just now well underway.
	MORTIMER. A way, no doubt, that you've opened before us?
	What have you ever done to help or to save her?
	Were I rascal enough to <i>murder</i> her, as
	The Queen expects of me just as we speak,
1290	What measure had you taken to save her life?
	LEICESTER (astonished). The Queen gave you this murderous instruction?
	MORTIMER. She mistook me as Mary mistook you.
	LEICESTER. And you consented? Did you?
	MORTIMER. As you say.
	To stop her purchasing another's hands
	I offered mine.
	LEICESTER. You have done well. We've won
	Breathing space. She depends on you. The sentence
	Lies idle. We gain time.
	MORTIMER (<i>impatient</i>). We're losing time!
	LEICESTER. She counts on you. The less will she scruple to
	Assume an open air of clemency.
1300	I can perhaps lead her to come upon
	Her rival face to face. That binds her hands,
	As Burghley says. ⁵² Yes! I'll give it all I can!
	MORTIMER. And where do you arrive? If Mary lives,
	All goes on as before. It's life-long prison,
	And will come to my bold attempt after all.
	Why not begin so? Bring an army together,
	Just arm the nobles in your many castles!
	Mary has countless secret friends, the houses
	Of Howard and Percy, ⁵³ rich in heroes still,
1310	Only attend a powerful lord's example.
	Enough of this deception! Act openly!
	Defend, like a knight, the woman you love.
	You rule the person of the Queen of England,

If you wish to. Lure her to one of your castles, Show her a man! Keep her your captive there Until she release Mary Stuart again! LEICESTER. What an extravagance! Do you know this ground? This Court? How tight this female kingdom Has bound our spirits? You just look for the Heroic spirit that once ruled this land! Crushed! Under lock and key! And to a woman! Every heart's mainspring unwound! Heed my example. Nothing imprudent. — Someone's coming. Go now! MORTIMER. Mary has hopes! What am I to bring her? LEICESTER. Bring her the vow of my undying love! MORTIMER. Bring that yourself! I offered to serve in Her rescue, not to serve you as your Cupid! (*He goes off.*)

Scene Nine

Elizabeth. Leicester.

ELIZABETH. Who left you just now? I thought I heard talking. LEICESTER (*whirling around at her entrance*). It was Sir Mortimer. ELIZABETH. What is it, my Lord? You're startled? LEICESTER (*composing himself*). At the sight of you, my Lady. I'm dazzled by your beauty and your charm.

Ah, me!

ELIZABETH. You sigh?

LEICESTER. Have I not reason to sigh?

To see your beauty renews nameless pain, my Sadness at coming loss.

ELIZABETH. But what do you lose?

LEICESTER. Your heart I shall lose and your lovable self. Your youthful husband will hold you in fiery Embrace. He will possess your heart entirely, Though none on earth adores you as I do.

	The Duc d'Anjou has never seen you, loves
1340	Only your glory. In his place I'd lay down a crown.
	ELIZABETH. Pity me, Dudley. Do not scold me. I
	May not consult my heart. Oh, it had chosen
	Otherwise. How I envy other women,
	Those who may love as they choose. I may not
	Award a crown to the man whom I treasure.
	To Lady Stuart it was granted to give
	Her hand as she chose, she permitted herself
	Everything, drained pleasure's cup to the lees.
	LEICESTER. Now she must drain the cup of sorrow instead.
1350	ELIZABETH. She scorned opinion, chose to live at her ease.
	Never did she assume the yoke of duty
	That I bent under. She won all men's favor
	Because her sole aim was to be a woman,
	And she is courted by both young and old.
	Such are men. All are mere slaves of their senses.
	This Talbot—did he not become young again
	Just as he came to speak of her great charm?
	LEICESTER. Forgive him. He was once her keeper, and her
	Flattery and fawning, her wiles turned his head.
1360	ELIZABETH. And <i>is</i> she then the beauty that they say?
	Portraits will flatter and descriptions lie.
	Only my eyes would tell me what to believe.
	Why the strange look?
	LEICESTER. I pictured you next to Mary.
	I'd like to have that pleasure, if it's secret.
	The pleasure of a victory then would be yours.
	She, too, would see how you exceed her in
	Your noble figure as in every virtue,
	For envy has sharp eyes.
	ELIZABETH. But she is the younger.
	LEICESTER. Younger! Her suffering aged her before her time.
1370	And then to see you as a bride—and bride of
	The French king's son—she who made so much of her
	French marriage, boasts of help from mighty France.
	ELIZABETH (<i>with a shrug</i>). They're pressing me to see her.

	LEICESTER (vivid).	She asks it as
	Favor, grant it as penalty! When she sees	
	Your beauty, guarded by your honor, made more	
	Glorious by spotless reputation and heightened	
	Again by a bright crown, and graced by the chaste	
	Wreath of a bride, the hour of her destruction	
	Has struck. No, never were you better armed for	
1380	Triumph of beauty. If you went straight before her	
	Just as you are?	
	ELIZABETH. Now? No, oh no. Not now.	
	No. That I must think through, consult with Burghl	ey—
	LEICESTER (breaking in). Burghley! He reckons only rea	isons of state.
	You have rights as a woman, too. A point so	
	Tender is for you only to judge. — But no!	
	Reasons of state also require that you meet-to	
	Persuade your people of your greatness of heart.	
	Then you can rid yourself of her as you please.	
	ELIZABETH. It's unbecoming that I see her in want	
1390	And need. They say she is not royally kept.	
	LEICESTER. Chance	
	Comes to our aid. Today the great chase leads	
	Past Fotheringhay, and Lady Stuart can be	
	Found walking in the park. You happen by,	
	Nothing appears to have been planned in advance.	
	Should it offend you, you need not address her.	
	ELIZABETH. If this is foolishness, then, Leicester, it's yo	urs.
	Today I'd not deny you any request.	
	Of all my subjects I've hurt you the most.	
	(Looking at him tenderly)	
	Even if it's an idle notion of yours,	
1400	Honest affection shows itself by permitting	
	That which it knows neither wise nor befitting.	
	(Leicester throws himself at her feet.))

The curtain falls.



George Talbot, 6th Earl of Shrewsbury, 1580. Artist unknown. National Portrait Gallery, London. Wikimedia, public domain, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/ File:George_Talbot_6th_Earl_of_Shrewsbury_1580.jpg

Act Three

A park. Trees at the front, a wide prospect behind.

Scene One

	Mary emerges from among the trees, walking swiftly. Hanna Kennedy follows more slowly.
	KENNEDY. You're rushing as if you had wings, my Lady.
	I cannot keep up with you. Wait for me!
	MARY. Let me but feel new-found freedom's full measure,
	Let me be a child and you be one, too!
	On this green carpet embrace a new pleasure,
	Striding along in weightless, winged shoe.
	Have I escaped the dark dampness of prison?
	Does it entrap me no longer, that lair?
1410	Let me run after, receive in my bosom,
	Drink in deep drafts Heaven's free air!
	KENNEDY. Oh, but my Queen, your narrow prison has been
	Widened by little. You do not see how
	A wall encloses us still, even here,
	Because the trees' thick foliage hides its cold heights.
	MARY. Oh, endless thanks to each and every green tree,
	For they conceal these prison walls from my sight.
	I want to dream myself full happy and free,
	Suffused as I am now in heavenly light.
1420	Just over there, past fog-gray mountains' display,
	The capes of my own realm advance,

	And these bright clouds, ships with sails set to midday,
	Are seeking the fair coasts of France.
	Hurrying clouds! Ships sailing in air!
	Only to sail with you! With you to fare!
	I am a captive. I am bound tight here.
	I have no one else I can send right there.
	Carry my love to France, precious and rare.
	KENNEDY. Dear Lady, you are beside yourself. Freedom,
1430	So painfully missed, makes you giddy with joy.
	MARY. There a poor fisher steers his skiff toward land.
	That wretched small sailboat could take me away,
	Bring me to cities where my kinsmen hold sway.
	What a scarce living for so poor a man!
	Oh, how I'd like to load it with treasure,
	Have him land a catch great as ever he can,
	Find in his nets good fortune past measure,
	In return for the offered help of his hand.
	KENNEDY. Vain wishes! Do you not see that from a distance
1440	Spies observe us and follow in our footsteps?
	Some evil spell scares pitying creatures away.
	MARY. No, Hanna. Believe me! Not in vain has my
	Prison so suddenly been opened wide.
	So small a favor foretells grander joy.
	I cannot be wrong. This is love's hand at work.
	I see Lord Leicester's strong arm acting here.
	They want to widen my jail bit by bit,
	Until I see the face that frees me forever.
	KENNEDY. I cannot make sense of this. Yesterday they
1450	Announced your coming death and today you
	Know such freedom as this. They say chains fall
	For those, too, whom <i>eternal</i> freedom awaits.
	MARY. Just hear the hunting horn! How it sounds
	Its plangent voice over forest and heath!
	Longing now seizes me to ride to the hounds,
	Gallop up hillsides, down steep glens beneath.
	This voice I recall from first youth,
	Memory that sweetly pierces my heart.

I rode after the stag with high hopes,

1460

1470

Down the Highlands' dark hollows, up its bright slopes, Hearing the horn's far call, after the hart.

Scene Two

Paulet. As above.

PAULET. Have I at last done right, my Lady? Have I		
Deserved your thanks?		
It's you, sir, found me this favor?		
nd why not? I was at Court, I brought		
ter—		
Freedom is a gift of the letter—		
gnificantly).		
the only one! Expect something greater—		
ething greater?		
Surely you hear the horns—		
nking back).		
hten me!		
The Queen is chasing nearby.		
nt?		
And quite soon she will be standing before you.		
(rushing to Mary, who is about to faint).		
dy, what is wrong? You're white as a sheet.		
PAULET. Is this not right? Is it not what you asked?		
before you knew it! You who are		
Always so quick with words, now find your words.		
The moment has come!		
Why was I not made ready?		
prepared for this. Not now. What I		
ed as high favor now seems a fright—		
Come, Hanna. Lead me back in—to recover—		
PAULET. No, stay. You must wait for her here. Oh, I can		
t is frightening—coming before your judge.		

Maria Stuart

Scene Three

	Earl Shrewsbury. As above.
1480	MARY. Oh, Shrewsbury! Sent me like an angel from Heaven!
	I cannot see her, cannot. Save me from this!
	SHREWSBURY. Recover yourself, Queen. Take courage. Stand firm.
	This is the moment, the hour of decision.
	MARY. I've waited years for this, prepared myself,
	Rehearsed, recited, learned by heart just how
	I wanted to move her, to touch her feelings.
	Forgotten, vanished! It all escapes me now.
	Only my suffering remains. My heart turns
	Against her, full of hatred. Hellish spirits
1490	Surround me, shaking their coiled, tangled hair.
	SHREWSBURY. Master your bitterness, compose yourself.
	It brings no good when hate and hatred collide.
	She's the one who wields power. Humble yourself!
	MARY. Before her? I cannot.
	SHREWSBURY. Do so nonetheless.
	Speak with respect. Appeal to her great heart.
	Do not defy her. This is not the moment.
	MARY. I have requested this thing to my ruin.
	Never, no, never should we see one another.
	I have been injured far too deeply. Her doing!
1500	We never ever can be reconciled!
	SHREWSBURY. Calm yourself. Only see her face to face.
	Hard-hearted she is not. I saw that myself:
	She read your letter and she wept. Have trust.
	For this I came ahead: to guide and prepare you.
	MARY (seizing his hand). Oh, Talbot, you were always fair and my friend.
	If only I'd remained safe in your keeping!
	It has been so hard—
	SHREWSBURY. Do not think of that now.
	MARY. Burghley is with her?
	SHREWSBURY. Only Leicester—
	MARY. Lord Leicester!
	SHREWSBURY. You need fear nothing of him. He moved the Queen

1510 To grant this meeting. MARY. Oh, I knew it! SHREWSBURY. What's that? PAULET. The Queen is coming!

(All move to the side. Only Mary remains, leaning on Kennedy.)

Scene Four

As above. Elizabeth. Earl Leicester. Retinue.

ELIZABETH (*to Leicester*). How is the country seat called? LEICESTER. Fotheringhay, Madam.

ELIZABETH (to Shrewsbury). Send our hunting party

Ahead to London. Crowds there throng the streets.

Let us take refuge in this quiet park.

(Talbot dismisses the Retinue. Elizabeth fixes Mary, as she addresses Paulet.)

My people love me too much. They show their joy In excess, as if it were meant for an idol.

Such worship is right for a god, not a woman.

(Mary, who has been leaning on Hanna, now stands straight. She meets Elizabeth's steady gaze, shudders, and throws herself again into the arms of her Nurse.)

MARY. Dear God! No heart can be found in that face! ELIZABETH. Who is the lady?

(General silence)

Τŧ

LEICESTER. You're at Fotheringhay, Queen.

ELIZABETH (showing surprise, then glowering at Leicester).

Who has done this to me? Lord Leicester!

LEICESTER.

Has happened, Queen. Now Heaven has directed You here, let pity and large mind prevail.

SHREWSBURY. Be so good, royal Mistress, as to turn Your eye upon misfortune here before you.

Maria Stuart

	(Mary pulls herself together and starts toward Elizabeth, then sto halfway, unable to go forward.)		
ELIZABETH. Who led me to expect a woman humbled?			
Unsoftened pride is what I see. ⁵⁴			
	MARY (<i>resolved at last</i>). So be it!		
	I'll submit even to this. Helpless pride of		
	A noble soul, be gone! I will forget who		
	I am and what I suffered at her hand.		
	(She turns to the Queen.)		
1530	Heaven decided for you, Sister! Your head		
	Is crowned. I worship the Godhead that raised you.		
	(She drops to her knees.)		
	But you be noble-minded, too, my sister!		
	Extend your hand, the royal right hand, and		
	Raise me from these depths.		
	ELIZABETH (<i>stepping back</i>). I see you at your right		
	Place, Lady Mary! And praise God, who would not		
	Put <i>me</i> at your feet, like you now at <i>mine</i> .		
	MARY (with rising emotion).		
	Think of the flux of all things that are human!		
	Fear the unyielding gods that punish pride!		
	It's they who have thrown me down at your feet.		
1540	Honor yourself in me before these nobles,		
	Honor the blood of Henry Tudor's house,		
	The blood that flows through my veins as through yours.		
	Do not stand like a rock against the sea,		
	Against a castaway lost in a storm.		
	Extend your hand, touch <i>my</i> heart, let me touch yours		
	With words, with tears on which my life depends.		
	Your cold stare freezes my heart, words die in my throat.		
	ELIZABETH (cold and stern).		
	What have you to say to me, Lady Stuart?		
	I shall forget the queen, so deeply offended,		
1550	To meet the duty of a sister to you.		
	You have the comfort of the sight of me.		
	I risk reproach for bounty such as this, for		

	You know it was your wish to have me murdered.
	MARY. Where to begin? How to place words, so that
	They seize your heart, yet do not offend you!
	Since I cannot speak for myself and not
	Gravely accuse you—something I would not do.
	— You have treated me unjustly, for
	I am a queen no less than you are a queen.
1560	I came to you a supplicant, and you, a-
	Gainst law and sacred hospitality,
	Locked me behind walls, seized my servants and friends.
	I am delivered over to sorry want,
	Tried for my life before an unworthy court—
	Enough! Eternal silence cover my suffering.
	— But see! We'll call it fate. An evil spirit
	From the abyss enflamed our hearts with hate that
	Estranged us. It grew as we grew, bad men fanned
	The flame, zealots armed others. Such is the fate
1570	Of kings: They, set at odds, loose Furies of discord.
	(Approaching Elizabeth, confiding, flattering)
	No stranger stands between us here. We have met.
	Speak, Sister. Tell me my offense. I'll give you
	Full satisfaction. Had you heard me before!
	It never would have come to this sad encounter.
	ELIZABETH. Not fate should you accuse, but your black heart,
	The wild ambition of your native house. Hear
	Me! Unprovoked, your uncle, priest who reaches
	For every crown in Europe, launched a feud.
	He turned your head, led you to take up my arms,
1580	Appropriate my royal title, enter
	Battle against me, at the risk of your life.
	What did he not call out against me! Priests' words,
	Civil war, arms of pious delusion deep in
	My peaceful kingdom—fanatics' weapons! Why,
	My very head was threatened. God is with me.
	Yours falls.
	MARY. I am in God's hands. You would not—

ELIZABETH. Who hinders me? At Saint Bartholomew

	Your uncle set the example for all kings. ⁵⁵
	Thus one makes peace with one's foes! What is blood kinship?
1590	What natural law? The Church breaks all bonds, sanctions
	Perfidy, regicide. What pledge have I for
	You once I free you? What lock on your good faith
	That the keys of Saint Peter cannot open? ⁵⁶
	MARY. You've always seen me as a foe, a stranger.
	Had you declared me your heir, ⁵⁷ you would have found
	A friend, a kinswoman.
	ELIZABETH. Out there, Lady Stuart,
	Is friendship for you. Your house is the papacy,
	The monk your brother, and your family that Church.
	You as my heir! Who in my lifetime seduced
1600	My people, caught the noble youth in the toils of
	Your charms, so that all turned to this rising sun—
	MARY. Rule now in peace! I give up claim to this realm.
	I have been broken, you've wrecked me in my bloom!
	Now make an end, just say the word to release me.
	For surely you have not come here to gloat. Say,
	"Mary, I grant your freedom. You have felt my
	Power, now learn to honor my noble heart."
	I will receive my freedom and my life as
	Gift from your hand. But if not, woe betide you!
1610	Not for this Island, not for all lands on earth
	Would I stand before you as you now before me.
	ELIZABETH. Do you confess you have been defeated? Is there
	An end now to your scheming? No new murderer
	Dispatched? And no adventurer willing to risk
	This dismal knighthood for you ever again?
	Yes, Lady Mary, it is over. None more
	Will you seduce. The world has other concerns.
	No one longs to become your <i>fourth</i> husband—you
	Who kill your suitors as those husbands you killed!
1620	MARY (taking offense). Oh, Sister, Sister! Oh, God give me restraint!
	ELIZABETH (gazing at her contemptuously).
	Such are the charms that no man glimpses unpunished,
	Beside which no other woman dare stand.

	Fame acquired at small price, Lord Leicester, for to Be an uncommon beauty one need but be	
	A beauty common to all—	
	MARY. That is too much!	
	ELIZABETH (scornful).	
	There! The mask falls. You show me your true face!	
	RY (furious, but with dignity).	
	My fault was human, was a fault of youth.	
	Power seduced me, I made it no secret.	
	I scorned appearance with king's candor, and	
1630	The world knows the worst of me. I can safely	
	Say I am better than repute has me.	
	The worse for you should it draw back the cloak	
	Of honor from your many secret hot passions.	
	Honor's not something you acquired from your mother.	
	The world all know why Anne Boleyn climbed the scaffold. ⁵⁸	
	SHREWSBURY (stepping between the two Queens).	
	Oh, God in heaven! Must it come to this?	
	Is that restraint, submission, Lady Mary?	
	MARY. Restraint? I have endured beyond all endurance.	
	Enough lamb-like composure! Patient suffering!	
1640	Now break your bonds, cold rage, long stifled, burst from	
	Your pit! And you who gave the basilisk	
	Its gaze, arm my tongue—	
	SHREWSBURY. She is beside herself!	
	Forgive her! She's mad, she's too badly provoked!	
	(Elizabeth stares speechless at Mary.)	
	LEICESTER (anxiously trying to lead Elizabeth away).	
	Don't listen. Come away from this grim place!	
	MARY. The throne of England is profaned by a bastard,	
	The noble British duped by a mountebank.	
	If justice ruled, you would be lying before <i>me</i> .	

I am your king.⁵⁹

(Elizabeth goes off quickly. The Lords follow in dismay.)

Scene Five

Mary. Kennedy.

KENNEDY. What have you done? She goes away enraged.
MARY (*still beside herself*).
She goes enraged! She carries death in her heart! (*Falling into Kennedy's arms*)
What a relief! At last! At last! Whole years
Of suffering, of abasement! Now at last
A moment of revenge, a moment of triumph!
It falls from my heart like an avalanche!
KENNEDY. Oh, no! You wounded her. She'll not forgive you.

She carries thunderbolts, she is the queen.

You mocked her before her own chosen favorite!

MARY. Before him! He saw it. He witnessed my triumph! His presence and his nearness gave me strength!

Scene Six

As above. Mortimer.

1660	KENNEDY. A fine outcome, sir!				
	MORTIMER.	I heard everything!			
	(He signals the Nurse to keep watch and approaches. He is alight with desire.)				
	You've won	You've won! You were the queen and she the outlaw.			
	I am bewitc	I am bewitched, adore you like a goddess.			
	Such courag	Such courage!			
	MARY.	You saw Leicester, brought my letter,			
	Gave him my gift? Oh, speak!				
	MORTIMER (observing her with burning eyes). Your royal anger				
	Shone all about you, transformed all your charms!				
	MARY. I beg you, sir! Do answer. What says my Lord?				
	What can I hope?				
	MORTIMER.	Who? Him? He is a coward!			
	Hope nothing, not from him. Despise him, forget him!				
	MARY. What are you saying?				
	MORTIMER.	He should save you? Possess you?			

1670	He, you? Just let him dare! He'll have to do		
	With me, a battle at the risk of his life!		
	MARY. He does not have my letter? All is lost!		
	MORTIMER. He loves his life.		
	MARY. He will do nothing for me?		
	MORTIMER. No more of him. I, I alone can save you.		
	MARY. What can <i>you</i> do?		
	MORTIMER. Do not deceive yourself.		
	Now all is changed. The way the Queen just left you,		
	All is indeed lost, there will be no mercy.		
	A <i>deed</i> is what it takes now, <i>boldness</i> decides.		
	You'll be delivered before daybreak tomorrow.		
1680	MARY. This very night?		
	MORTIMER. Just hear what is decided.		
	I gathered my companions in a secret		
	Chapel. A priest heard our confessions, gave us		
	Remission of sins committed, sins to come.		
	We have all taken the last sacrament and		
	Are ready to embark on our last journey.		
	MARY. What frightful preparations these all are!		
	MORTIMER. Tonight we scale these walls. I've gained the keys.		
	We'll murder all your keepers, snatch you from		
	Your chamber by force. Every living soul must		
1690	Die by our hand, that no one live to betray us.		
	MARY. Paulet, your uncle, too? Your second father?		
	MORTIMER. Must die by my hand!		
	MARY. Bloody sacrilege!		
	MORTIMER. All sacrilege is pardoned. I can do my		
	Worst and I <i>will</i> .		
	MARY. Oh, dreadful, terrible—this!		
	MORTIMER. Even to have to run the Queen through-I've		
	Sworn on the Host—		
	MARY. Too much blood—		
	MORTIMER. What is all life		
	Against <i>you</i> and my love. The bonds of the world		
	May break, a second Flood sweep all away—		

	I'll not give you up till the end of time!		
	MARY (stepping back).		
1700	What language, sir, what looks! They frighten me!		
	MORTIMER (<i>expressing a quiet madness</i>). Life		
	Is but one moment, death another! They may		
	Drag me to Tyburn, ⁶⁰ tear me apart with tongs		
	(rushing to her with open arms)		
	As long as I embrace you, my Beloved—		
	MARY (<i>retreating</i>). Back, madman—		
	MORTIMER. On this breast, this mouth that breathes love—		
	MARY. For God's sake, let me go in!		
	MORTIMER. I will save you,		
	And I shall also possess you—		
	MARY. Wretched Fate,		
	You fling me from one horror to another!		
	Was I born only to stir rage? Love and hate?		
	MORTIMER. Commit to love what you must lose to hate,		
1710	Enchant a happy lover with these charms		
	No longer yours. This silken hair in the power		
	Of death—use to entwine your loving slave!		
	MARY. What words! My sorrows should be sacred to you,		
	If not my royal head.		
	MORTIMER. Your crown has fallen,		
	Nothing of earthly majesty remains.		
	Try it now, just speak like a ruler—if		
	A friend, a savior stands up? Nothing remains		
	But the high beauty of your touching figure.		
	It drives me on—		
	MARY. Who'll save me from this madness?		
1720	MORTIMER. Life is life's greatest good. A fool, one who'd waste it!		
	Let me first lie on life's most comforting breast—		
	(He presses her against him.)		
	MARY. Must I seek help against him who would save me?		
	MORTIMER. You are not cold. You let that Bothwell carry		
	You off and trembled while you loved him.		
	MARY. Shameless!		
	MORTIMER. If only terror wins you, I'll make you tremble—		

KENNEDY (*rushing in*). Someone is coming. They are getting closer. Armed men are filling the garden.MORTIMER (*reaching for his sword*). I shall defend you!MARY. Oh, Hanna, save me from him! Where to turn? Out here is mayhem and in there is murder.

(She flees toward the house. Kennedy follows.)

Scene Seven

Mortimer. Paulet and Drury rush in. Attendants run onto the stage.

PAULET. Close all the gates! Draw up the bridges, all!
MORTIMER. Uncle, what is it?
PAULET. Where is she, that murderess?
Into the darkest dungeon with her!
MORTIMER. What has happened?
PAULET. The Queen!
MORTIMER. What Queen?
PAULET. Of England! Murdered in London's streets! (*He rushes into the house.*)

Scene Eight

Mortimer. Then O'Kelly.

MORTIMER. Did someone say the Queen's been murdered? Or Was it but a dream? I must have been dreaming. Who's coming? It's O'Kelly. Beside himself. O'KELLY (*rushing in*). Flee, Mortimer! Flee! All is lost! MORTIMER. What is lost? O'KELLY. Don't ask. Just run! MORTIMER. What is it? O'KELLY. Savage,⁶¹ the madman, Launched the attempt. MORTIMER. It's true?

	O'KELLY.	Too true!		
	MORTIMER.	She's murdered,		
1740	Mary ascends the throne of England!			
	O'KELLY.	Murdered?		
	She lives! And you and I ar	d all will be dead!		
	MORTIMER. She lives?			
	O'KELLY. The blo	w failed. Got caught in her mantel.		
	And Shrewsbury disarmed the murderer.			
	MORTIMER.	She lives!		
	O'KELLY.	To destroy		
	Us all. They have the park surrounded.			
	MORTIMER.	Who did it?		
O'KELLY. The Toulon cleric with us in chapel, w So thoughtful when the anathema against t		h us in chapel, who looked		
		thema against the Queen was read. ⁶⁴		
	way to martyrdom.			
Told only the priest who confessed and blessed MORTIMER (<i>after a silence, to himself</i>).		nfessed and blessed us.		
		mself).		
	Grim fate pursues you. Now, yes, now you must die.			
1750	Your very angel has prepared your fall.			
	O'KELLY. I go to hide in the forests of the North.			
	MORTIMER. God keep you. I stay, make one last effort to save.			
	Failing, I make my last bed	on her grave.		

(They go off to different sides.)⁶³



Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester, ca. 1564, oil on panel. Anglo-Netherlandish School. Waddesdon Manor. Wikimedia, public domain, https://commons.wikimedia.org/ wiki/File:Robert_Dudley_Leicester.jpg

Act Four

Antechamber

Scene One

Count Aubespine. Kent and Leicester.

AUBESPINE. How is Her Majesty? My Lords, you see me Beside myself. How could this be, among her Most loyal people?
LEICESTER. No one among the people Did this thing. But a subject of your king, A Frank.

AUBESPINE. A madman surely. KENT. A papist, Count Aubespine.

Scene Two

As above. Burghley enters, speaking to Davison.

	BURGHLEY. Th	e writ of execution must be drawn up
1760	And sealed.	Be quick! Present it to the Queen to
	Be signed. N	ow go.
	DAVISON.	It shall be done. (<i>He goes off.</i>)
	AUBESPINE (ac	knowledging Burghley). My Lord,
	My loyal hea	rt shares in the rightful joy of
	This Island.	Heaven be praised, which turned the murderous

	Blow from the roya	l head!
	BURGHLEY.	Praised, too, that it
	Thwarted our enen	nies' evil will.
	AUBESPINE.	May God
	Condemn the doer	of this evil deed!
	BURGHLEY.	Both
	The doer and the a	uthor.
	AUBESPINE (to Kent).	Does it please
	Your Honor to adm	it me to Her Majesty
	That I may lay best	wishes of my Lord
1770	And King most hu	nbly at her feet—
	BURGHLEY.	Don't trouble,
	Count Aubespine.	
	AUBESPINE (officious)	I know my office, Lord Burghley.
	BURGHLEY. Your offic	e is to clear this Island at speed.
	(In response to Aube	spine's expression of amazement)
	Your rank shields y	ou today, tomorrow no more.
	AUBESPINE. What is n	ny crime?
	BURGHLEY.	Named, it cannot be pardoned.
	AUBESPINE. The righ	of missions, my Lord, I would hope—
	BURGHLEY. Does not	protect traitors—
	LEICESTER and KENT	Ha! What's this!
	AUBESPIINE.	My Lord,
	Consider well—	
	BURGHLEY. A	passport signed by your hand
	Was found in the as	ssassin's pocket.
	KENT.	Indeed?
1780	AUBESPINE. I issue ma	any passports. Motives are hidden.
	BURGHLEY. The murd	erer was confessed in your hotel.
	AUBESPINE. My house	e is open.
	BURGHLEY.	To the enemies of England.
	AUBESPINE. I demand	inquest.
	BURGHLEY.	Fear one!
	AUBESPINE.	In my person
	, ,	He'll tear up our pact.
		n has torn it up already. England
	Will not be wed to	France. Lord Kent, you will bring

The Count in safety to the coast. The angry Mob stormed his hotel; a great arsenal of weapons Was found; they threaten to tear him limb from limb. Conceal him well. I charge you with his life! AUBESPINE. I leave a land where common rights are trampled And treaties merely toyed with. My Monarch will seek A bloody reckoning— BURGHLEY. Let him come and fetch it!

(Kent and Aubespine go off.)

Scene Three

Leicester and Burghley

	LEICESTER. Thus yo	u dissolve the bond that you so busily
	Buckled. You've e	arned yourself scarce thanks from England.
	You'd better spare	ed yourself the trouble, my Lord.
	BURGHLEY. My goal	was good. And God wrought otherwise.
	Happy the man w	ho knows no worse of himself!
	LEICESTER. Yes, one	knows Cecil's dark and secretive bearing
1800	When he makes c	hase after crimes of high treason.
	It's a fine season f	or you now, my Lord.
	A truly monstrou	s misdeed has occurred and
	Its authors still lie	hidden deep in darkness.
	A court of inques	t will now be convened
	And words and g	lances carefully weighed up.
	Why, thoughts the	emselves will be called into court.
	You are the very 1	nan there, our own Atlas
	Of State who carr	ies all England on his shoulders.
	BURGHLEY. In you, 1	ny Lord, I recognize my master.
1810	Such victory as ye	our arts of persuasion gain
	My powers never have brought home.	
	LEICESTER.	Your meaning?
	BURGHLEY. Were yo	u not who, behind my back, knew to lure
	The Queen to Fot	heringhay?
	LEICESTER.	Behind your back!

When have I hidden my deeds from your knowledge?
BURGHLEY. You lured the Queen to Fotheringhay? Oh, no!
Surely it was the Queen who kindly lured you.
LEICESTER. What would you say, my Lord?
BURGHLEY. Oh, what a fine figure
You let the Queen cut there! The splendid triumph
Prepared her, unsuspecting. Gracious Princess!
Such shameless mockery, such unsparing exposure!
This therefore is the large mind and the mercy
That overcame you suddenly in Council!
That's why this Stuart is a foe so feeble
And nil one does not spot oneself with her blood!
LEICESTER. Wretch! Come with me. You'll answer me at the throne.
BURGHLEY. Expect me there. Let your persuasion not fail you!
(He goes off.)

Scene Four

Leicester alone, then Mortimer

	I am discovered,	seen through. How did he	
	Get on my track? If he has proofs, I am done.		
	And if the Queer	n learns of my understanding	
1830	With Mary—Goo	l! How guilty I'll be in her eyes!	
	My counsel, lead	ing her to Fotheringhay—it	
	Will all seem a ru	use, a trick. And she will feel mocked,	
	Betrayed to her w	vorst enemy! Never will she	
	Forgive me. It all	seems a plot: the turn in	
	The conversation	, Mary's triumph and scorn,	
	Even the murder	that surprised us— <i>I</i> will	
	Have set it up! It	is hopeless! — Who is coming?	
	MORTIMER (entering	g, uneasy and wary).	
	Earl Leicester? W	e've no witnesses?	
	LEICESTER.	What's this?	
	What do you wa	nt?	
	MORTIMER.	They're on our track, on yours, too.	

1840	LEICESTER. Be gone!		
	MORTIMER. The secret meeting at Aubespine's—		
	LEICESTER. Not my concern!		
	MORTIMER. The murderer's presence there—		
	LEICESTER. Your care and not mine! Leave me out of this!		
	MORTIMER. But listen—		
	LEICESTER (very angry). Go to hell! Why hang yourself on		
	My heels? I do not know you, with assassins		
	I have no traffic.		
	MORTIMER. Your steps, too, are betrayed.		
	LEICESTER. Ha!		
	MORTIMER. The Lord High Treasurer was at Fotheringhay.		
	There was a great search, where they found—		
	LEICESTER. Found what?		
	MORTIMER. A letter to you that the Queen had begun—		
	LEICESTER. Ah!		
	MORTIMER. —asking you to keep your word, renewing		
1850	The promise of her hand, remembering the likeness—		
	LEICESTER. Death and damnation!		
	MORTIMER. Burghley has the letter—		
	LEICESTER. I'm lost!		
	(During Mortimer's next speech Leicester walks up and down.)		
	MORTIMER. Act quickly! Act first! Save <i>yourself</i> ! Save <i>her</i> !		
	Swear your way out of this. Invent excuses.		
	I myself can do nothing more. Our band is		
	Scattered. I go to Scotland to find friends.		
	It comes down to you. Use all your prestige,		
	Use quick wits—		
	LEICESTER (stands still, then, suddenly resolved).		
	I shall do exactly that.		
	(He goes to the door, opens it, and calls)		
	Hey! Guards! (To the Officer who enters with armed Guards)		
	A traitor! Seize him! Guard him well!		
	A foul plot come to light. Now straight to the Queen! (<i>He goes off.</i>)		

MORTIMER (stunned at first, recovers himself and gazes after Leicester).

Scoundrel! But I deserve this! Who said to trust him?

I fall, become a bridge that he will walk over. Save yourself! I'll not take you down in *my* fall. Even in death I do not like your league. Life is the only good thing bad men have. (*To the Officer who steps forward to seize him*) Don't touch me, you slave. I am free. (*He draws a dagger.*) OFFICER. He's armed! Disarm him!

(They press around him, he fends them off.)

MORTIMER. Free, too, heart and soul, in death.
A curse on those who deny God and their Queen, Turn from the earthly as from the heavenly Mary!
OFFICER. Treason and blasphemy! Lay hand on him!
MORTIMER. Mary, my love, I could not bring you release. Mary, sweet Mother, fold me into your peace. (*He stabs himself and falls into the arms of the Guard*.)

Room of the Queen

Scene Five

Elizabeth, a letter in her hand. Burghley.
ELIZABETH. To take me there! Show me in triumph to His mistress! Never such a betrayal, Burghley!
BURGHLEY. I cannot grasp how he—by what arts—could Surprise the good sense of my Queen so badly.
ELIZABETH. I'm dying of shame! How he must laugh at me! I thought I would humiliate *her*, and myself Became an object of scorn.
BURGHLEY. Now you see how Faithfully *I* advised you!
ELIZABETH. I am punished. But should I not have believed him? Who suspects A trap among great oaths of love? Dear God!

		ast? I raised him above all others,
	e place next to my heart, let him	
	•	f like a king at this Court!
	BURGHLEY. An	d he betrayed you to the false Queen of Scotland!
	ELIZABETH. Sh	e'll pay with her blood! Is the warrant drawn up?
	BURGHLEY. Do	ne as you ordered.
	ELIZABETH.	She shall die! And he shall
	See her fall a	nd fall after. I have cast
	Him from m	y heart, filled it with vengeance. Let him
1890	Fall deep as I	ne was lofty, monument to
	My rigor as l	ne was to my weakness.
	Into the Tow	er! I shall name peers to judge him
	After the stri	ctest sense of the law.
	BURGHLEY.	Oh, but
	He'll reach y	ou, justify himself—
	ELIZABETH.	How so? The
	Letter convic	ts him—
	BURGHLEY.	But your kindness, the mere
	Sight of him-	_
	ELIZABETH.	Never will I see him again!
	You've order	ed him refused if he comes?
	BURGHLEY.	Just so.
	PAGE (entering).	My
	Lord Leiceste	er!
	QUEEN.	I am not to be seen. Tell him that.
	PAGE. I dare not	!
	QUEEN.	My servants fear him more than me!
1900	BURGHLEY (to	the Page). The Queen forbids his approach.
		(The Page goes out reluctantly.)
	QUEEN (after a	vause). Could it be—if he justified himself—
	Could it not	be a trap to estrange us?
	If Mary wrot	e the letter to make me
	Suspect him?	' To bring him to fall—
	BURGHLEY.	But, my Queen—

Scene Six

As above. Leicester.

LEICESTER (tears	open the door and	l strides in).	
I'll just see the one who forbids me my Queen!			
ELIZABETH. Such	n insolence!	-	
LEICESTER.	To tu	rn <i>me</i> away! If she	
Is present for a Bu	rghley, she's pres	sent for me.	
BURGHLEY. Quit	e bold, my Lord,	to burst in here without	
Asking.			
LEICESTER. Quite	e pert, my Lord, t	o speak first. Asking!	
There's no one	e at this Court w	hom Leicester asks,	
Whom he obe	ys. (Approaching	Elizabeth, submissive)	
I'll hear from 1	my own Queen–	-	
ELIZABETH (refu	sing to look at him).	
Out of my sigh	nt, worthless—		
LEICESTER.	I	hear, not my kind	
Elizabeth, but this Lord, whose— My appeal is			
To <i>my</i> Elizabet	h— You lent hin	ı your ear, I	
Lay claim to n	othing less.		
ELIZABETH.	Speal	k! Own or deny it!	
LEICESTER. First	let this burdenso	me third take his leave.	
Step out, my Lord. What I have to discuss with			
My Queen req	uires no witness	. Go now!	
ELIZABETH (to B	urghley).	Stay here!	
LEICESTER. What	t business has a t	hird between you and me?	
I claim the rigl	hts of my place—	-sacred rights!	
The Lord remo	ove himself!		
ELIZABETH.	How	haughtiness	
Becomes you!			
LEICESTER. E	Becomes me well.	I am the chosen	
One. Your great favor lent me this rank, and			
What love has	given I shall ass	ert. Two minutes—	
ELIZABETH. Of c	hatter—		
LEICESTER.	Chatter i	s for him. <i>I</i> speak to	
Your heart! W	hat I have dared	do by your favor	
	I'll just see the ELIZABETH. Such LEICESTER. Is present for a Bu BURGHLEY. Quita Asking. LEICESTER. Quita There's no one Whom he obey I'll hear from n ELIZABETH (<i>refu</i> Out of my sigh LEICESTER. Elizabeth, but To <i>my</i> Elizabet Lay claim to m ELIZABETH. LEICESTER. First Step out, my L My Queen req ELIZABETH (<i>to B</i> LEICESTER. What I claim the righ The Lord remo ELIZABETH. Becomes you! LEICESTER. E One. Your grea What love has ELIZABETH. Of c	ELIZABETH. Such insolence! LEICESTER. To tu Is present for a Burghley, she's prese BURGHLEY. Quite bold, my Lord, d Asking. LEICESTER. Quite pert, my Lord, d There's no one at this Court wile Whom he obeys. (Approaching I'll hear from my own Queen- ELIZABETH (refusing to look at hime Out of my sight, worthless- LEICESTER. II Elizabeth, but this Lord, whose To my Elizabeth You lent hime Lay claim to nothing less. ELIZABETH (to Burghley). LEICESTER. First let this burdenso Step out, my Lord. What I have My Queen requires no witness ELIZABETH (to Burghley). LEICESTER. What business has a to I claim the rights of my place The Lord remove himself! ELIZABETH. How Becomes you! LEICESTER. Becomes me well. One. Your great favor lent me to What love has given I shall ass ELIZABETH. Of chatter	

	I'll justify to your heart.	I know no court but		
	Your heart!			
	ELIZABETH. And that is w	hat damns you. Lord Burghley,		
	I bid you show him the	letter.		
	LEICESTER (reading the lette	er, unruffled). That is her hand.		
1930	ELIZABETH. Read and fall	silent.		
	LEICESTER (calmly).	All appearance is		
	Against me. I hope not	to be judged by that.		
	ELIZABETH. Do you deny	ELIZABETH. Do you deny a secret understanding		
	With Mary Stuart? You	received her likeness		
	And gave her hope of re	escue.		
	LEICESTER.	I could discount		
	My enemy's words if I f	elt guilty, but		
	My conscience is clear.	What she writes is true.		
	ELIZABETH. Now then!			
	BURGHLEY. He	damns himself!		
	ELIZABETH.	Out of my sight!		
	Into the Tower, you trait	or!		
	LEICESTER.	I am none.		
	My error was to make a	secret of it.		
1940	This was my effort to di	scover—		
	ELIZABETH.	Excuses!		
	LEICESTER. I've played a d	angerous game. Only Earl Leicester		
	Could be so bold at this Court. All the world knows			
	How I hate Mary Stuart. My high rank, the			
	Trust of my Queen remove all doubt. The man picked			
	Out by your favor can risk a bold path.			
	BURGHLEY. And why the s	silence?		
	LEICESTER.	You hang a bell on your deeds,		
	My Lord. <i>I</i> act, then talk	ς.		
	BURGHLEY.	You <i>talk</i> since you must.		
	LEICESTER (fixing him contemptuously).			
	You claim the fame of having put into action			
	A fabulous deed, saved	your Queen, unmasked a		
1950	Great treason. You know	v it all, nothing escapes you.		
	Braggart! For all your ke	een nose, Mary Stuart		

	Were free as of today, had I not blocked it BURGHLEY. <i>You</i> ?
	LEICESTER. <i>I</i> , my Lord. The Queen confided in Mortimer.
	She went so far as to give him against
	Mary a bloody charge the uncle refused.
	Mary a bloody charge the uncle refused.
	(The Queen and Burghley look at one another, appalled.)
	BURGHLEY. How did <i>you</i> —
	LEICESTER. Is it not so? Where did you have
	Your thousand eyes, not to see this Mortimer was
	Double? He was a raging papist, a tool of
	The Guises, Stuart's creature, scheming fanatic
1960	Come to free Stuart and to murder our own Queen—
	ELIZABETH (utterly astonished).
	Mortimer?
	LEICESTER. He was go-between for Mary
	With me. That's how I came to know him. Today
	Yet she was to be snatched out of her prison.
	He told me himself. I had him arrested.
	Despairing, he took his own life.
	ELIZABETH. Deceived! Deception
	Beyond words!
	BURGHLEY. And all this just since I left you?
	LEICESTER. A poor outcome. His witness would have cleared me.
	That's why I turned him over to the courts.
	Strict justice was to prove my innocence.
1970	BURGHLEY. He killed himself, you say—
	LEICESTER. Unworthy suspicion!
	Question the Guards—
	(He goes to the door and calls. The Officer of the Bodyguard enters.)
	Submit report to the Queen how
	That Mortimer died!
	OFFICER. I held the watch in the
	Anteroom when my Lord threw open the door
	And ordered me to seize the Knight as a traitor.
	He pulled a dagger, raged, insulted the Queen,

And stabbed himself before we could stop him— LEICESTER. That will do. You may go.

(The Officer goes off.)

	ELIZABETH.	What an abyss—
	LEICESTER. Who was it	saved you? Was it my Lord Burghley?
	He saw the danger?	And turned it aside?
1980	BURGHLEY. This Mortir	ner died timely for you, my Lord.
	ELIZABETH. What shou	ıld I say? I believe you, I don't believe you.
	I believe you guilty, o	don't believe it. Oh, hateful
	Woman! To cause me	e such pain!
	LEICESTER.	She must die.
	Now I, too, say so. N	ot till an arm is raised, I
	Had said. That has n	ow happened. Judgment must
	Be executed forthwit	h. The Queen's safety
	Demands this blood	y extreme, much as it grieves me.
	BURGHLEY (to the Queen	<i>n</i>). Since my Lord's meaning is so earnest and true
	I would propose that	t execution of judgment
1990	Be removed onto hin	n.
	LEICESTER.	Me!
	BURGHLEY.	You! No better
	Way to lay suspicion	that rests on you than
	That you, accused of	loving her, should see her
	Beheaded.	
	, .	ester). Well advised, Lord. Let it be so.
	2	ould free me of a charge so dismal,
	-	much better to Burghley.
	•	en ought do nothing baneful.
	To prove my zeal and	
	_	ge of my rank, assume
	This loathsome duty	
		Lord Burghley share it with you.
2000	(<i>To Burghley</i>) See that	it the order be issued right away.
	(Burghley s	goes off. Sounds of a disturbance off-stage.)

Scene Seven

Earl Kent to join the others

ELIZABETH. What is it Lord, Kent? What's the noise? KENT. The people Queen. They surround the palace, demand to see you. ELIZABETH. What does my folk want? KENT. Rumor goes through London That your life is threatened and assassins Are sent by Rome, that Catholics are in league to Free Lady Stuart by force, proclaim her queen. The mob believes it. They are demanding her head. They Refuse to go home until judgment is signed. ELIZABETH. What? Shall I be forced to?

Scene Eight

Burghley and Davison with a writing. As above.

ELIZABETH. What's this, Davison? DAVISON (approaching, grave). Your orders, my Queen. ELIZABETH (reaches for the sheet, then shrinks back). Oh. God! BURGHLEY. Heed the voice of The people, it is the voice of God. ELIZABETH (struggling with herself). Oh, but

My Lords, who says if I indeed hear the voice

Of all my people, of the world? Oh, how

I fear, if I obey the voice of the mob,

Another voice will make itself heard, those who

Drive me to act now will blame me when it's done.

Scene Nine

	Earl Shrewsbury to join the others. Kent goes off.
	SHREWSBURY (very aroused).
	They're rushing you, Queen. Stand fast—(<i>He notices Davison with the writing</i> .)
	Is it too late?
	Let that not come before the eyes of my Queen!
	ELIZABETH. My noble Shrewsbury, they are forcing me!
2020	SHREWSBURY. But who can force you? You are our ruler,
	Now is the time to show your majesty!
	Order those voices to fall silent that
	Make bold to force your royal will, your judgment.
	Fear moves the crowd; you, too, are beside yourself.
	You are but human, cannot pass judgment now.
	BURGHLEY. Judgment has long since been passed. No decision
	Is to be reached, but <i>executed</i> rather.
	KENT (<i>returning</i>). The crowd is growing, and the mob will not
	Let itself be held back!
	ELIZABETH (to Shrewsbury). See how they press me!
2030	SHREWSBURY. Only delay. This pen stroke will decide your
	Happiness and your peace. You've pondered for years;
	A moment should rip you along? Collect
	Yourself, attend a quiet hour.
	BURGHLEY (<i>impatient</i>). Oh, wait
	And hesitate, waste time, until the Realm
	Stands in flames and your rival meets with success.
	Three times a god has shielded you, today it
	Came <i>close</i> . To invite a fourth is to tempt God.
	SHREWSBURY. The God whose wonder-working hand has
	Kept you four times and enabled this old man
2040	To crush a madman— <i>He</i> is to be trusted!
	I shall not speak of justice. This is not the moment.
	Merely this: You tremble at the living
	Mary and not before the dead one? She will
	Rise from the grave, a goddess of strife, and swoop
	Over your Kingdom, turn your people against you.
	The Briton hates her now, soon he'll avenge her,

	Enemy no longer of his one true faith, but		
	Granddaughter of his kings and victim of hate.		
	Process through London when the deed is done,		
2050	Show yourself to your people— You'll find them changed.		
	Your element is justice no longer, but <i>fear</i> ,		
	Making a desert every street where you pass.		
	What head is safe if this one must fall!		
	ELIZABETH. Ah, Shrewsbury, you saved my life. To what effect?		
	All strife were at an end, all doubt resolved, and		
	Unstained by guilt, I would lie in my grave.		
	For truly! I have tired of living and ruling.		
	Must one queen fall? Can that not be me? Let		
	My people choose. I lived for it, God knows,		
2060	And not for myself. If it hopes for this Mary,		
	The younger queen, I'll seek the stillness of Woodstock.		
	I am not born to rule—alas I am not!		
	A ruler must be hard and my heart is soft.		
	I've ruled this Island happily, needing but to		
	Make happy. Come the first <i>hard</i> royal duty,		
And I feel my weakness—			
	BURGHLEY. By all that's holy!		
	When I hear such unkinglike words from my Queen,		
	It were betrayal of my duty and land to		
	Keep silent here among you any longer.		
2070	You say you love your people more than yourself.		
	Show us that love. Do not choose peace for yourself		
	And give the Realm up to these raging storms.		
	Think of the Church. Is Mary Stuart to bring the		
	Old idols back? The Roman legate to come close		
	Our churches and dethrone our anointed kings?		
	I yet require your subjects of you—saved or lost		
	In consequence of what you choose to do now.		
	This is no time for soft heart and compassion.		
	Shrewsbury saved your life— <i>I</i> would save England!		
2080	ELIZABETH. Let me be left to myself! There's no counsel		
	Among men in this matter. I go before		
	A higher Judge to do His bidding. Leave me,		

My Lords! (To Davison) You, sir, I'd have remain close by.

(The Lords go off. Shrewsbury lingers before the Queen, then follows slowly, expressing great pain.)

Scene Ten

Elizabeth alone

	Serving the people—slavery, bondage! How it		
	Revolts me, flattering this false god I despise!		
	When shall I ever stand free upon this throne!		
	Honor opinion, court praise from the mob,		
	And make it right to those who want to be fooled!		
	Oh, he's no king who still must please the world!		
2090	Why have I always been just, never despotic,		
	Only to tie my own hands at the first		
	Forced act of violence! My example damns me!		
	A tyrant like the Spanish Mary ⁶⁴ before me,		
	I could shed king's blood. Did I so choose? I		
	Am forced. Necessity imposes forbearance.		
	Surrounded by foes, I am held on my		
	Contested throne by public favor alone.		
	The powers of the Continent conspire to destroy me.		
	From Rome the Pope renews his ancient ban,		
2100	From France, betrayal in a Judas kiss, and		
	From Spain the threat of war on the high seas. ⁶⁵		
	With spotless virtue I must mask a stain on		
	My birth, a defect in my rights. In vain!		
	The enemy sets this Stuart up against me.		
	Where I have planted pleasure or hope, I find her		
	Across my path, a snake sent me from Hell!		
	My lover she seduces, costs me my bridegroom,		
	My every sorrow is called <i>Mary Stuart</i> !		
	This fear must end. Her head must fall. I <i>will</i> have peace!		
2110	Once she's removed from this world, I'm free as the wind.		
	(She falls silent.)		
	Bastard you'd call me? Your misfortune, that!		

(She goes to the table and seizes a pen.) Only as long as you live am I so, If I destroy you, I destroy all doubt. And when the Briton can no longer choose, Then I was born and bred in lawful bed! (She signs firmly and rapidly, drops the pen, and steps back, horrified. After a pause, she rings.)

Scene Eleven

Elizabeth. Davison.

ELIZABETH. Where are their lordships? DAVISON. They have gone to calm The mob. It fell still when it saw Earl Shrewsbury. He used soft words, reproached their violence, And calmed them till they crept away from the square. ELIZABETH. The fickle crowd! Do not lean on this reed!

You may go. Very good.

2120

2130

(As Davison turns toward the door)

Here, this. Take it back. DAVISON (*casting a glance at the writing she has given him*). My Queen! Your name here! You have decided? ELIZABETH. I was to sign. I have signed. A sheet of paper Does not decide yet. A mere name does not kill. DAVISON. *Your* name, Queen, on *this* writing decides *all*, Kills, is a thunderbolt. This sheet commands The sheriff and commissioners to Fotheringhay to The Queen of Scotland to announce her death and To execute the warrant before day. No respite. She *has* lived when I release this. ELIZABETH. God lays a heavy fate in your weak hands. Beseech Him that He shine the light of his Wisdom on you. I'll leave you to your duty. DAVISON (*blocks her path*).

Tell me your wishes first, my Queen. Is

	It wisdom just to follow your command? You			
	Give me this writing for swift execution?			
	ELIZABETH. That you with your good	sense—		
	DAVISON (breaking in, frightened).	Oh, not with mine!		
	That God forbid! Obedience is my good sense.			
Your servant should be left to decide nothing.				
2140	A small mistake and a queen dies.	Tell me		
	Clearly: What should I do with this death warrant?			
	ELIZABETH. Its name says it—			
	DAVISON. You wish it executed right a	way?		
	ELIZABETH (<i>hesitating</i>). That I don't say and tremble to think it.			
	DAVISON. You want me then to keep it	for the moment?		
	ELIZABETH (quickly). What? At your p	ZABETH (quickly). What? At your peril! You answer for it.		
	DAVISON. Me? Holy God! Speak, Quee	en! What is it you want?		
	ELIZABETH (<i>impatient</i>). I want this foul case never thought of again,			
	I want to have peace at last and for	ever!		
2150	DAVISON. It costs you only one word.	Tell me, decide:		
	What is to be done with this writin	g, my Queen?		
	ELIZABETH. I've said it. Torment me no	o further with this.		
	DAVISON. You've said it? You've said n	nothing to me. It please		
	My Queen to recall—			
	ELIZABETH (stamping her foot). Unbeau	rable!		
	DAVISON.	Have patience		
	With me. I came into this office onl	у		
	A few months ago. I do not know t	he language		
	Of court and kings. I grew up with	plain manners.		
	Have patience, teach me what my o	luty is—		
	(He approaches her, entre he stands despairing;	0		
	Take this back! Take it! It burns my	hands. Do not		
2160	Choose me to serve you in this frig			

ELIZABETH. You do your duty! (She goes off.)

Scene Twelve

Davison. Then Burghley. DAVISON. She's gone. What shall I do? Am I to keep it? Am I to hand it over? (To Burghley, who enters) Oh, good! Good that you come, my Lord. It was you Who brought me to this office. Free me of it! I did not know its reach. Let me go back Into obscurity. I do not belong here. BURGHLEY. What's this? Compose yourself. Where is the warrant? The Queen had you called. DAVISON. She left me in a rage. Advise me! Help me! Here is the warrant. It's signed. BURGHLEY (in haste). Signed? Give it here! Give here! DAVISON. I'm not allowed. BURGHLEY. What? DAVISON. She has not told me clearly what she wants-BURGHLEY. Not told you? She has signed it. Give it here! DAVISON. I am to have it executed, not have It executed—God knows what I'm to do. BURGHLEY (pressing). Right now, this minute have it executed. Give here! You're lost forever if you delay. DAVISON. I'm lost if I rush ahead and act too soon. BURGHLEY. You are a fool! Give here! (He snatches the writing from Davison and rushes off.) DAVISON (*hurrying after*). Oh, stop! I'll be ruined!



William Cecil, 1st Baron Burghley, late 1580s. Attributed to the Workshop of Marcus Gheeraerts, the Younger. Wikimedia, public domain, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:William_Cecil_Lord_Burghley_Gheeraerts_Workshop.jpg

Act Five

The scene is that of Act One.⁶⁶

Scene One

Hanna Kennedy, dressed in deep mourning, her eyes red with weeping, is tying up packets and sealing letters. Her work is often broken by grief and pauses for prayer. Paulet and Drury, also in black, enter, followed by servants carrying gold and silver vessels, mirrors, paintings, and other treasures, which then fill the background. Paulet delivers a jewelry case to Hanna and a list of its contents, as he indicates by gestures. The sight renews the Nurse's pain. The others withdraw. Melvil enters.

KENNEDY (cries out as she sees him). Melvil! It's you! I see you once again! MELVIL. Dear Kennedy, yes. We meet here again. KENNEDY. After a long, long painful separation! MELVIL. A sorrowful and painful meeting again! KENNEDY. Oh, God! You've come-MELVIL. To take last leave of my Queen. KENNEDY. Now at last, on the morning of her death, It's granted her to see her people again. Oh, I'll not ask how you have fared meanwhile, Nor will I tell how we have suffered since The long-ago day you were torn from our side. There will be time for that yet. Oh, Melvil, that we 2190 Should have to see the dawn of this day! MELVIL. Let us

2180

Not weaken one another. I shall weep As long as I live, no smile brighten these cheeks, Nor shall I lay aside black mourning. Always Shall I mourn. But today I would stand firm. Promise me you will master your grief and, When others give way to despair, let us go Before her, her staff on the way to her death! KENNEDY. Melvil, you are mistaken if you believe The Queen needs our support to go to her death. She 2200 Sets an example for us. Never fear! For Mary Stuart dies a heroine and a queen. MELVIL. And how did she receive the news of her death? I heard it said she had not been prepared. KENNEDY. She had not. Wholly different fears disturbed her, Not death but rescue. Mortimer had promised To free her last night, and between hope and fear-Whether she trust him with her honor and person-The Queen awaited him and looked for the morning. A sudden thud of footsteps, hammering and knocking. 2210 We think we hear our rescuers come at last. Hope beckons, will to live assails us- The door Opens, Sir Paulet comes to say carpenters Are setting up a scaffold down below us. (She turns away, overcome by grief.) MELVIL. Dear God in heaven! How did Mary respond? KENNEDY (after a pause in which she steadies herself). One does not lay life aside slowly. All At once, swift, in an instant must come the change From Time to the Eternal. And God granted My Lady in this moment strength to cast off All earthly hope with a firm spirit and 2220 Attach herself to Heaven full of faith. No sign of fear, no complaint tarnished her honor. Only on learning of Lord Leicester's bad faith, Of the fate of that boy who gave his life For her, on seeing the old knight's distress, Whose last hope had died for her cause and for her,

Did she shed tears. She passed the rest of the night In prayer, wrote to her dearest friends, and made Her will with her own hand. She's resting now, her Last sleep. MELVIL. Who's with her? KENNEDY. Her physician, her women.

Scene Two

As above. Margaret Curle enters.

2230	KENNEDY. Mistress, what news? The Lady is awake?		
	CURLE (drying her eyes).		
	Already dre	ssed. And asking for you.	
	KENNEDY.	I'm coming.	
	(To Melvil, w	ho is about to follow)	
	Not yet. Wai	t till I have prepared the Lady. (She goes off.)	
	CURLE. It's Melvil, our old steward!		
	MELVIL.	Yes, it's me.	
	CURLE. Oh, this house needs no steward anymore!		
	You come from London? Have you news of my husband?		
	MELVIL. He's to be freed when—		
	CURLE.	When the Queen is no more!	
	And it's his witness that condemned her?		
	MELVIL.	Just so.	
	CURLE. He gave false witness—		
	MELVIL.	But consider, Mistress—	
	CURLE. I'll swear to it in court, swear to his face.		
2240	She dies without guilt.		
	MELVIL.	God grant it be so!	

Scene Three

As above. Burgoyne enters, then Hanna Kennedy.

BURGOYNE (seeing Melvil). Ah, Melvil! MELVIL (embracing him). Burgoyne! BURGOYNE (to Margaret Curle). Bring us a glass of wine for Our Lady. Quickly!

(Curle goes off.)

MELVIL Is the Queen not well? BURGOYNE. She believes herself strong and she will not eat, but Hard struggle awaits her. Let no one say Fear blanched her cheek, when it was Nature's weakness. MELVIL (to the Nurse, who enters). Will she see me? KENNEDY. She'll be here right away. — You look about, see these magnificent things? In life we suffered need, in death we have plenty.

Scene Four

As above. Two other waiting women enter, dressed in mourning. Seeing Melvil, they burst into tears.

MELVIL. What a reunion! Gertrude! Rosamond!

SECOND ATTENDANT. She sent us out, to speak with God alone.

(Two more waiting women enter, in mourning and expressing deep grief.)

2250

Scene Five

Margaret Curle returns. She carries a golden cup of wine, sets it on the table, and supports herself on a chair.

MELVIL. What is it, Mistress? CURLE. Oh. God! BURGOYNE. What is wrong? CURLE. Oh, what I saw! Be calm. Tell us what it is. MELVIL. CURLE. As I came up the grand stair with this wine cup, The door sprang open in the hall. Oh, God! MELVIL. You saw what? CURLE. Walls draped in black. Before them A scaffold hung in black rose from the floor. A block, a cushion, both black, a gleaming axe, The room of men with greedy, blood-thirsty looks. THE WOMEN. God bless our Lady! MELVIL. Steady now! She is coming.

Scene Six

As above. Mary. She is dressed in festive white, an Agnus Dei⁶⁷ hangs on a chain at her neck, a rosary at her belt. She carries a Crucifix and, in her hair, a diadem. Her long black veil is thrown back. At her entrance all present step back to both sides, with expressions of pain. Melvil instinctively sinks to his knees.

MARY (looking about, poised and calm).

Why do you weep? Why grieve? Be joyful with me.
The end of all my sorrow is here at last,
My fetters fall, my prison doors swing open,
And my soul mounts toward freedom on angels' wings.
When I was in the power of my proud rival,
Suffering disgrace, what a great queen is spared—
That was the proper time to weep for me.
Beneficent and healing, Death now approaches,
That grave friend. With his dusky wings he will cover

	Base pain. Last fate ennobles fallen mankind.		
2270	I feel the crown on my head, pride in my soul!		
	(Advancing a few steps)		
	What? Melvil here? Not thus, brave Knight! Stand up!		
	You've come to your Queen's triumph, not her death.		
	I had not hoped to know such happiness:		
	My history will not rest in enemies' hands,		
	One friend, of <i>my</i> faith witnesses my death.		
	Tell me, Knight, how you fared in this hostile land		
	Since they took you away from me.		
	MELVIL. I suffered		
	No want but care for you, whom I could not serve.		
	MARY. And Didier, my old chamberlain? He sleeps an		
2280	Eternal sleep? He was advanced in years.		
	MELVIL. He's not so blessed. He lives to mourn your youth. ⁶⁸		
	MARY. Had I but lived to embrace my loved kinsmen!		
	I die among strangers, see your tears only.		
	Last wishes for my own I lay in your hands.		
	I bless the Most Christian King, my brother, ⁶⁹		
	The royal house of France, my uncle the Cardinal,		
	And Henry Guise, my cousin. I bless the Pope,		
	Vicar of Christ, who blesses me, and the		
	Catholic King, ⁷⁰ who wished to be my savior.		
2290	They all are named in my will and testament,		
	They will not scorn my gifts, however poor.		
	(<i>Turning to her servants</i>)		
	You I commend all to my brother in France.		
	He'll give you a new country. Honor my last		
	Request: Do not remain in England, let		
	The Briton not feed on your sorrow. (Showing her Crucifix) By		
	The Savior, promise me not to remain in		
	This wretched land.		
	MELVIL (touching the Crucifix). I swear in the name of all.		
	MARY. What I possessed once I give to you all. My		
	Last will be honored. What I wear to my death		
2300	Is yours, too. Grant me once more to enjoy		
	An earthly brilliance on my way to Heaven!		

(To the Attendants) To you, my Alix, Gertrude, Rosamond, My pearls and my clothes. Young, you love fine things. You, Margaret, have next claim upon my bounty. I leave you behind unhappiest of all. My will shows I do not impose your husband's Guilt on you. You, my Hanna, find no charm In gold or stones. Your treasure is my memory. This cloth is yours. I've worked it for you with my Own hands in hours of sorrow, woven my tears Into it. Bind my eyes with this when it's time. I would receive this at the last from my Hanna. KENNEDY. Oh, Melvil, I can't bear it! MARY. Come, one and all! Come and receive my last farewell.

(She extends her hands. One after another they kneel and kiss the offered hand, weeping.)

Farewell!

Margaret, farewell. Alix, goodbye. My thanks,
Burgoyne, for faithful service all these years.
Gertrude, your lips burn. Much loved and much hated
I was. Your glowing heart, Gertrude, demands love.
A worthy husband seal your happiness.
Berta, chaste bride of Heaven, take your vows soon!
The goods of this world deceive. Learn from your Queen.
No more! Farewell! Farewell! Forever farewell!

2320

2310

(She turns away. All except Melvil go off.)

Scene Seven

Mary. Melvil.

	MARY. All temporal things are now in order. I hope	
	To leave this world as debtor to no man. But	
	One thing weighs on my soul, holds it earthbound.	
	MELVIL. Tell a true friend. And lighten your burdened heart.	
	MARY. I stand at the edge of Eternity	
	And have not reconciled the Holy One yet.	
	A priest of <i>my</i> Church is denied me. I	
2330	Refuse the service of another. I would	
	Die faithful to my sole redeeming Church.	
	MELVIL. For Heaven the wish is as good as the deed.	
	Tyranny binds the hands but not the heart.	
	MARY. Melvil, the heart alone is not enough.	
	Faith needs a token. God thus became flesh,	
	Invisible gifts in the visible.	
	The Universal Church, the Catholic Church,	
	Builds a great ladder heavenward, for faith	
	Strengthens faith where ten thousands kneel to pray,	
2340	Coals become flame and the winged spirit takes flight.	
	Happy who gather in the House of the Lord!	
	The bishop in white vestments stands at the altar,	
	Where candles flicker, incense rises, bells sound.	
	He takes the chalice, blesses it, proclaims	
	The wonder of the bread and the wine, and	
	The faithful people, believing, drop to their knees	
	Before God present. I alone am shut out!	
	MELVIL. You are received and God is present. Trust him.	
	For a dry rod can put forth green shoots and the	
2350	One who struck water from the rock can prepare	
	An altar in your prison, turn this earthly	
	Vessel into a holy chalice for you. ⁷¹	
	(<i>He takes up the wine cup from the table.</i>)	
	MARY. I understand you. The Redeemer said:	
	When two are gathered in <i>my</i> name, I am	

	Present among you. ⁷² What consecrates a priest? A
	Pure heart and spotless life. Thus you are a priest
	Sent me by God to give me comfort. To
	You would I make my last confession and learn
	From your mouth of forgiveness and salvation.
2360	MELVIL. Then know, my Queen, that God can also perform
	A miracle to comfort you. You err:
	Here <i>is</i> a priest and God is present here, too.
	(He uncovers his head and presents a Host in a golden vessel.)
	I am a priest. To hear your last confession
	And give you peace now on your way to death, I
	Have taken holy orders and I bring you
	This Host sent by the Holy Father, who blessed it.
	MARY. God's joy is given me on the threshold of death!
	Like the apostle whom the angel led
	From prison, whom no lock and no sword held—73
2370	He strides through closed gates and stands shining in jail—
	I am surprised by Heaven's herald when
	All earthly rescuers have failed me and foundered.
	And you, my servant once, are now God's and
	His holy mouth. Your knee bent once before me,
	I now bend mine before you. (She kneels before him.)
	MELVIL (making the sign of the Cross). In the name of
	The Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost!
	Mary, Queen, have you well examined your heart?
	And swear to confess truth before the true God?
	MARY. My heart is open before Him and you.
2380	MELVIL. What sin does conscience reproach you since you
	Were reconciled last with your God?
	MARY. My heart was filled with envious hate and wish
	For revenge on my rival. I hoped God would
	Forgive me and myself could not forgive her.
	MELVIL. Do you rue it and wish to die reconciled?
	MARY. As surely as I hope God will forgive me.
	MELVIL. What other sin does your heart accuse you of?
	MARY. Oh, not by <i>hate</i> alone, by sinful <i>love</i>
	I have offended highest God yet more.

2390	My empty heart was drawn to a man who
	Deceived me shamelessly and deserted me. ⁷⁴
	MELVIL. Do you rue it? And has your heart turned away?
	MARY. My hardest struggle. The last bond is broken.
	MELVIL. What other guilt does conscience yet reproach you?
	MARY. An early blood guilt, long ago confessed,
	Returns with terrors like none known before,
	Now that I settle my accounts before dying.
	Darnley, my husband, I worked to have murdered,
	Then gave my seducer my hand in marriage.
2400	I have atoned with proper penalties, but
	It gnaws at my soul and gives me no peace.
	MELVIL. Your heart accuses no sin not yet confessed?
	MARY. You now know everything that burdens my heart.
	MELVIL. Think of the nearness of all-knowing God!
	Think of the penalties for sins not confessed.
	That is the sin of eternal death. Committed
	Against the Holy Spirit, it condemns you.
	MARY. Then let eternal mercy grant me victory
	In the last struggle. I have hidden nothing.
2410	MELVIL. You would conceal from God the crime of which
	All men accuse you? Nothing here of your part
	In Babington's and Parry's high treason?
	You die a temporal death for this deed. Would
	You also die eternal death for it?
	MARY. I shall appear in the presence of God
	Before the minute hand has turned a full round,
	And I repeat: I have confessed all things.
	MELVIL. The heart deceives. Have you evaded the <i>word</i>
	While the <i>will</i> took part in the crime? His eye,
2420	Which sees the deepest things, will not be deceived.
	MARY. I called all princes, charged them to free me
	Of unworthy bonds. Never by intention
	Or deed did I attempt the life of my rival!
	MELVIL. Your scribes both gave false witness, you would say?
	MARY. It is as I have told you. God be their judge!
	MELVIL. You climb the scaffold believing you are guiltless?

	MARY. God finds me worthy to atone early crime by
	Dying, this last, a death I have not deserved. ⁷⁵
	MELVIL (making the sign of the Cross).
	Go now, repent. Blood can redeem blood crime.
2430	You erred of weakness. Mortal weakness does not
	Follow the soul into death's transfiguration.
	By the power vested in me to loose and to bind
	I grant you remission of all your sins.
	May coming events accord with your faith.
	(He offers her the Host.)
	This is the Body given for you. Take, eat.
	(He lifts the chalice from the table, consecrates it in silent prayer and offers it to her.)
	This is the Blood shed for you.
	(She hesitates with a gesture of refusal.) ⁷⁶
	Take it. Accept!
	The Pope extends this favor, gives you in death
	The priest's privilege and the anointed king's.
	(She receives the chalice.)
	Just as your earthly body now is joined to God,
2440	Just so you join eternal Godliness in Heaven,
	Where there is no guilt, where there is no weeping.
	(He sets down the chalice. A noise at the door. He covers his head and goes to answer. Mary kneels still in silent devotion.)
	MELVIL (<i>returning</i>). A hard test lies before you. Are you strong
	Enough to conquer all hate, all bitterness?
	MARY. I fear no lapse. I've given both to God.
	MELVIL. Prepare yourself to receive Lords Leicester and Burghley.

Scene Eight

As above. Burghley. Leicester and Paulet.

Leicester remains at a distance and does not look up. Burghley, noticing his state, places himself between Leicester and the Queen.

	BURGHLEY. I an	BURGHLEY. I am here, Lady Stuart, to receive		
	Your last orders.			
	MARY.	I thank you.		
	BURGHLEY.	It is the wish of		
	My Queen th	at nothing meet be denied you.		
	MARY. My testan	nent names my last wishes. I		
2450	Have laid it in Knight Paulet's hands and ask			
	That it be executed faithfully.			
	PAULET. You may	PAULET. You may depend on it.		
	MARY. I bid you	to release my servants unharmed		
	To France or S	Scotland, as they require to go.		
	BURGHLEY. It sh	all be as you wish.		
	MARY.	Since my body		
	Is not to lie in hallowed ground, I ask that			
	<i>This</i> faithful s	This faithful servant (indicating Melvil) bring my heart to my friends in		
	France. It was	ever there!		
	BURGHLEY.	That, too, shall be done.		
	Have you yet	other—		
	MARY.	To the Queen of England		
2460	A sister's greetings. Tell her I forgive her			
	My death wit	h all my heart and rue and regret my		
	Hot words of yesterday. God keep her and grant her			
	A happy reign!			
	BURGHLEY.	Have you not reconsidered?		
	Will you still not accept the deacon's attendance?			
	MARY. I have been reconciled with God. Knight Paulet!			
	Guiltless, I've greatly pained you, robbed your comfort			
	In old age. I hope you will not think of me			
	With hatred.			
	PAULET (gives he	<i>r his hand</i>). God be with you! Go in peace!		

Scene Nine

As above. Hanna Kennedy and the Queen's other women enter, showing horror; the Sheriff follows, carrying a white staff; behind them, through the open door, one sees armed Guards.

	MARY. What is it, Hanna? -	— Ah, yes. It's time. The sherif	f
2470	Comes now to lead us to	o death. Now we must part.	
	(Her	women cling to her, weeping.)	
	Farewell! Farewell! (To I	Melvil) You, sir, and my Hanna	shall
	Go with me on this last	walk. You, my Lord,	
	Would not deny me this	last favor, I hope.	
	BURGHLEY. I've no author	ty.	
	MARY.	You would deny me	
	This last? Respect my se	ex, sir. Who is to render	
	Me this last service? Ne	ver would my sister	
	Intend our sex insulted	by men's rough hands!	
	BURGHLEY. No woman at	the block! Her wailing—	
	MARY.	There	
	Will be no wailing. You, my Lord, would not		
2480	Remove me in death from my nurse. Her arms brought		
	Me into life, her hand lead me into death.		
	PAULET (to Burghley). Permit it.		
	BURGHLEY.	So be it.	
	MARY.	Now I have nothin	ıg
	More in this world— (S	he raises the Crucifix and kisses i	<i>t</i> .)
	М	y Savior! My Redeemer!	
	As you spread your arms on the Cross, now		
	Open them wide and re	ceive me in grace.	
	up at her departure. I about to fall when Le	her eye falls on Earl Leicester, wh Mary shudders, her knees give wa icester catches her. She gazes at h inot meet her gaze; finally she spe	y, and she is im long and

You keep your word, Lord Leicester, you who promised Your arm on which to lead me from my prison. (He stands as if destroyed. She continues softly)
Not only freedom would I credit your hand.
You were to make my freedom precious to me.
And now on the way out of this world, tempted
No more by earthly longing, I admit,
With no shame, weakness I have overcome.
Farewell. Live happy, too, if you are able!
Your fortune was to sue for two queens; one,
A loving heart, you spurned, to win a proud one.
Kneel at the feet of your Elizabeth!
May your reward not become your punishment.
Farewell! Now I have nothing more in this world!

(She goes off, led by the Sheriff, Melvil and her Nurse at her side. Burghley and Paulet follow; the others, grieving, follow her with their eyes until she is out of sight. They then go off through two other doors.)

Scene Ten

Leicester alone

	And I still live! Endure yet to live on!
2500	This roof does not fall? No abyss opens?
	What have I not lost! What divine happiness!
	She goes, pure spirit now. I stay behind, damned.
	And what of my resolve to stifle my heart?
	To see her head fall with a steady gaze?
	Must she, in death, catch me again in love's toils?
	Wretch! You have no more claim to womanish feelings!
	There'll be no love on your path anymore!
	Armor your breast with steel, your brow be a rock!
	Would you not lose the prize of this shameful deed,
2510	You must hold to it boldly and complete it.
	Silence, soft feelings! Turn to stone, you eyes!
	I shall see her fall, I will be witness.
	(He strides toward the door Mary went out, then stops.)

2490

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No use. Hellish dread holds me. I cannot look. Listen! What was that? They are down there already, Beneath my feet. Yes. I hear voices. Away from This house of death! (*He wants to go out by another door and finds it locked.*) What binds me to this floor? Must I hear what I cannot bear to see? The deacon's voice, he cautions her, she breaks in, She prays in a loud voice, a steady, loud voice. Stillness and silence. Only sobbing—the women. She's being disrobed. The stool is placed. She kneels.

(He speaks these last words with mounting anxiety, then stops. One sees him start and shudder, then sink to the floor. A murmur of voices rises from below and lasts long.)

Elizabeth's room in Act Four

Scene Eleven

Elizabeth enters from the side, visibly uneasy.

No one here. Still no word. Will evening not come?⁷⁷ A torment, waiting this way. Has it happened? Has it not? Both fill me with dread. I daren't ask. No sign of Leicester, none of Burghley either. If they've left London, then the arrow's in flight. Cost it my realm, I've cannot stop it. — Who's there?

Scene Twelve

Elizabeth. A Page.

ELIZABETH. You come back all alone? Where are their lordships?PAGE. My Lord Earl Leicester and the Lord High Treasurer—ELIZABETH (*in suspense*). Where are they?PAGE.They are *not* in London.

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Not?

ELIZABETH.

Where are they then?

PAGE. That no one knew to tell me. It's said that they left London before dawn, In a great hurry and quite secretly.

ELIZABETH (*exclaiming*). I am Queen of England! (*Pacing up and down*) Go and call—
No. Stay here. — She is dead! At last I have space
On earth. Why do I tremble? Why so anxious?
The grave hides it. Who dares say I did it? (*To the Page*)
Are you still here? My scribe shall come this instant.
Send for Earl Shrewsbury. — Here he is himself!

(The Page goes off.)

Scene Thirteen

Elizabeth. Earl Shrewsbury.

2540 ELIZABETH. Welcome, my Lord. What brings you here so late? SHREWSBURY. Great Queen, my worried heart, concerned for your fame, Compelled me to the Tower today, where Mary's scribes Curle and Nau are held.78 The Guard Refused me entry. Only threats brought me in. God! What a sight! Curle lay, his hair wild, his eyes Crazed. Hardly has he seen me, he grasps my knees, Demands to know his Queen's fate. Rumor had reached him. When I confirmed his witness had condemned her, He fell on Nau, to throttle him, then turned his 2550 Rage on himself, beat his breast, cursed them both. His Witness was false, he said. The letters he'd sworn Were true-they were false. He'd written words he Never heard spoken. Nau had led him to it. He rushed to the sill, cried into the street, So that a great crowd gathered: He was the Queen's Scribe, had accused her falsely, was a villain. ELIZABETH. You said he'd lost his mind. All this proves nothing.

SHREWSBURY. It proves the more. Oh, Queen, use caution. Order A new inquiry into everything.

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ELIZABETH. I shall. Because you wish it, not because I doubt the peers who tried her. To assure you We renew inquiry. Good that there's still time.

Scene Fourteen

Davison to join the others

ELIZABETH. The warrant, sir, that I put into your hand— Where is it? DAVISON (utterly astonished). Warrant? ELIZABETH. That I gave you to Keep vesterday-DAVISON. Gave me to keep? ELIZABETH. The people Clamored for me to sign. I did its will. I did so under duress and placed the sheet In your hand-to gain time. You know what I said. SHREWSBURY. Return it, sir. The matter has changed. Inquiry Must be reopened. DAVISON. Reopened? Merciful God! ELIZABETH. Don't take so long. Where is the sheet? DAVISON (despairing). I am lost! As good as dead! ELIZABETH (breaking in). Let me not think, sir— DAVISON. I'm lost! I do not have it anymore. ELIZABETH. What's this? SHREWSBURY. God! DAVISON. Burghley has it. Since yesterday. ELIZABETH. You wretch! Is that how you obey me? Did I not Command you strictly to keep it? DAVISON. You did not,

My Queen. ELIZABETH. You call me a liar, do you, you rogue? When did I tell you to give Burghley the sheet? DAVISON. Not in clear words, but-ELIZABETH. Good-for-Nothing! You dare Interpret my words? Woe betide you if this Ends in disaster. You shall pay with your life. Earl Shrewsbury, you see how my name is misused! SHREWSBURY. I see-oh, God! ELIZABETH. What is it you're saying? SHREWSBURY. If The squire has acted without your knowledge, he must Be called before a court of peers. He has Exposed your name to the contempt of all time.

Last Scene

As above. Burghley. Then Kent.

BURGHLEY (*drops to one knee before the Queen*). Long live my royal Mistress, Queen of England! May all foes of this Isle end like this Stuart!

(Shrewsbury covers his face. Davison wrings his hands.)

ELIZABETH. Tell me, my Lord. Did you have warrant from me?
BURGHLEY. No, Mistress. I had it from Davison here.
ELIZABETH. Davison gave it to you in my name?
BURGHLEY. No! He did not—
ELIZABETH. You executed it
Not knowing my will? It was just, the world
Cannot blame us. But you had no right to
Encroach upon my royal kindness. You are
Banned from our presence. (*To Davison*) Worse awaits you, who
Exceeded your brief and betrayed a trust.
To the Tower! He'll be tried for his life.
My noble Talbot, you alone I find just

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2600	Among in my cou	insel. Be my guide and my friend.	
	SHREWSBURY. Quee	en, do not ban your most loyal friends. Do not	
	Throw into priso	n those who acted for you,	
	Who now keep si	lent for you. — From me, however,	
	Receive the Seal y	ou entrusted me twelve years.	
	ELIZABETH (stricken). No, Shrewsbury. You would not desert me now—	
	SHREWSBURY. Pardon me. I am old and this right hand is		
	Too straight and too stiff to seal your deeds to come.		
	ELIZABETH. The man who rescued me—		
	SHREWSBURY.	I did but little,	
	Could not save ye	our nobler part. Live, rule content!	
2610	Your enemy is dead. From now on you have nothing		
	More you must fear and nothing you need respect. (He goes off.)		
	ELIZABETH (to Earl Kent, who enters).		
	Earl Leicester come here!		
	KENT.	His Lordship begs your pardon.	
	He is at sea and on his way to France.		
		(She forces herself and stands calm.)	

The curtain falls.

Short Life of Mary Stuart

Flora Kimmich

Mary Stuart was born on 8 December 1542 to King James V of Scotland, nephew of Henry Tudor by his mother, and his French wife Mary, of the powerful House of Guise. Six days later James died and the newborn princess became Queen of Scotland. Thereupon began the jousting about her figure that was to accompany her all her life and lead to her death.

She was removed from this unrest to the House of Guise in France, where she was brought up as a royal princess from age five, betrothed to the Dauphin, and at age sixteen married to him. A year later the Dauphin became King Francis II, and in December 1560 he died. He was succeeded by ten-year-old Charles IX; their mother, Catherine de' Medici, acted as regent. Mary returned to Scotland.

Five years later Mary was married to her cousin Henry Stuart, Lord Darnley, descended, like Mary, from Henry Tudor's sister, and new unrest broke out among the factions in Scotland. Darnley proved a difficult husband; he demanded the crown matrimonial, which Mary refused; the marriage, which had produced a son, James, was known to be strained. In February 1567 an explosion destroyed a house where Darnley was staying, and Darnley was found dead in the garden. The corpse bore no marks. Suspicion fell on many, most firmly on James Hepburn, Earl of Bothwell, who was tried and swiftly acquitted, whereupon he undertook to marry Mary. In April 1567 Mary, returning from a visit to her son, was abducted by Bothwell and, some said, raped. In May they were married.

The marriage created a scandal and gave rise to new unrest. Mary was forced to abdicate in favor of her son; Bothwell was driven into exile.

Thereafter Mary was shifted from one place of confinement to another, first in Scotland, then in England, where she had sought refuge. When the play opens she has been moved from Earl Shrewsbury's liberal custody to stricter detention under Sir Amias Paulet.

Endnotes

Act One

- 1 The device of the House of Valois: three golden lilies against a ground of blue.
- 2 At Stirling Castle, near Edinburgh, Mary's son James was baptized. Her enemies claimed that her husband, Darnley, withdrew and was served on pewter, while Mary and Bothwell, her lover, were served on gold.
- 3 The exchange that follows plots Paulet's Protestant stringency against the Catholic ease of Mary's custom.
- 4 For these events in Mary's early history, see the "Short Life of Mary Stuart."
- 5 A recurrent motif and an important argument in Mary's behalf.
- 6 Two of the many plots to deliver Mary from captivity. William Parry was convicted of plotting—without Mary's knowledge—to assassinate Queen Elizabeth (1585). Anthony Babington, once Mary's page, led a similar plot, which Mary seems to have sanctioned (1586).
- 7 Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk, of the highest English nobility, conspired with Spain to deliver Mary. His ambition was to marry her (1571).
- 8 Helen of Troy. Fabulously beautiful wife of Menelaus, king of Sparta, she eloped with her husband's guest, Paris, to Troy. A Greek army followed. The Trojan War of Homer's *lliad* lasted ten years.
- 9 See the "Short Life of Mary Stuart."
- 10 Mary Tudor, called Bloody Mary, daughter of Henry VIII and his first wife, Katharine of Aragon. Queen of England, 1553-58, eventually married to Philip of Spain. Her reign saw Catholicism restored in England.

- 11 One of several abortive attempts to regularize relations among the royal houses of England, Scotland, and France (1560).
- 12 This is unhistorical Mortimer, who enters in Scene Three.
- 13 William Cecil, 1st Baron Burghley, Elizabeth's valued advisor, made Lord High Treasurer 1572.
- 14 The play opens at the ripe moment: Mary has been tried, as she describes, and is waiting to hear the outcome of that trial.
- 15 Sir Christopher Hatton presided over Mary's trial.
- 16 The passage fairly vibrates with dramatic irony.
- 17 For the historical basis of the long exposition that begins here, see the "Short Life of Mary Stuart."
- 18 Hence the veil and Crucifix at Mary's entrance, Scene Two, above.
- 19 Mary's husband Darnley and others broke into a dinner party and murdered Rizzio before the pregnant Mary.
- 20 Veiled and obscure. Possibly an allusion to Bothwell's having raped Mary, as rumor had it. See the "Short Life of Mary Stuart." Bothwell's brutishness, both physical and mental, is cited whenever he is spoken of. See, for example, lines 951ff. and 1723f.
- 21 Charles of Guise, Cardinal of Lorraine and Archbishop of Reims (d. 1574).
- 22 Matthew 5-7.
- 23 Reims was a center where English Catholics in exile gathered and were trained for the priesthood, then dispatched back to England.
- 24 John Morgan, a Welshman, Talbot's secretary and Mary's partisan; John Lesley, Scottish priest, Mary's confidant and eventual Bishop of Ross.
- 25 This Duke of Anjou, François de Valois, younger brother of King Henry III, died 1584. Here and elsewhere Schiller has handled chronology freely.
- 26 Elizabeth's mother was Anne Boleyn, Henry's second wife; Catherine Howard was his fifth. Lady Jane Grey figured in a long struggle over Henry's succession.
- 27 For Babington see note 6, above. Chidiock Tichbourne took part in Babington's plot. They were spectacularly executed to discourage further plotting.

- 28 Mary's son became James VI of Scotland and James I of England. He is mentioned only here.
- 29 George Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, is a major figure in the play and counterweight to Burghley. Mary was long in his lenient custody before being transferred to Sir Amias Paulet and harsher conditions. Historically he was not Lord Privy Seal.
- 30 The reigns in question are those of Henry VIII, Edward VI, Mary Tudor, and Elizabeth, as reigning authority wavered between Catholic and Protestant.
- 31 Henry Tudor, Earl of Richmond, ended the War of the Roses, between the houses of Lancaster and York, took the throne as Henry VII, and united the kingdom.
- 32 This is the Act for the Queen's Safety, passed by Parliament in the wake of a long series of plots to free Mary.
- 33 Claude Nau and Gilbert Curle were Mary's secretaries. Their testimony was false.

Act Two

- 34 Honorific of a French king's eldest brother.
- 35 Saint Germain, then outside Paris, was a seat of the court of France.
- 36 The redoubtable Catherine de' Medici, widow of King Henry II, mother of Francis II and of Charles IX, for whom she stood as regent.
- 37 That is to say, to marriage and childbearing.
- 38 Famously, the badge of the Order of the Garter, the kingdom's highest. Its motto translates: "Shame on any who thinks ill of this." Folklore traces the Order to a lady's loss of her garter in the heat of dancing at a ball, which seems to be false.
- 39 Mary, aged seventeen, was widowed of the French king Francis II. See the "Short Life of Mary Stuart."
- 40 These are three brothers of the House of Guise, sons of Francis, Duke of Lorraine, and Mary's cousins.
- 41 Goddess of ruin.

- 42 Mary Tudor, succeeding to the throne, first confined her half-sister Elizabeth in the Tower, then had her removed to Woodstock in Oxfordshire. See note 10, above.
- 43 For Morgan and Ross, see note 24, above.
- 44 Sir Francis Walsingham, chief of intelligence.
- 45 This is renewal of the papal anathema against Elizabeth. It will figure in Mortimer's plot.
- 46 They are arranging to meet.
- 47 The French lay claim to the oldest throne in Christendom, at the conversion of Clovis (496); the three crowns are those of France, England, and Scotland.
- 48 Henry II of France raised a pretension to England and France on behalf of his eldest son Francis and Mary, and quartered the royal arms accordingly.
- 49 An intrigue between Mary and Leicester is Schiller's invention.
- 50 An event that lies outside the action. The letter Mortimer brings is therefore the second step.
- 51 On Norfolk, see note 7, above.
- 52 See above, Scene Four, line 1045f., 1050ff.
- 53 The Howards were dukes of Norfolk; the Percys, dukes and earls of Northumberland.

Act Three

- 54 This is Elizabeth's interpretation of Mary's stopping halfway.
- 55 The notorious Saint Bartholomew's night, 24 August 1572, a massacre of the Protestant nobility of Paris, urged, among others, by the House of Guise.
- 56 The Pope is Saint Peter's successor and holds his keys.
- 57 Another among many abortive attempts to regularize relations between the two queens. See note 11, above.
- 58 Anne Boleyn, Henry's second wife and Elizabeth's mother, was condemned for adultery and incest.

- 59 The legitimacy of Elizabeth's birth turned on the question whether Henry was cognizably divorced from his first wife, Katharine of Aragon, when he married Anne Boleyn. The question was both doctrinal and—importantly—political.
- 60 Public place of execution in London.
- 61 John Savage was among the Babington plotters.
- 62 This is the papal bull that Mortimer announced to Elizabeth, Act Two, Scene Four, above.
- 63 Act Three, at the center, is the hinge of this beautifully constructed play. A long resolution follows. Elizabeth's reaction is represented directly in Act Four, with fine comic relief—some of it ghastly—as one plot line after another meets with disaster; Mary's is represented indirectly, in Hanna's report in Act Five. When we see her again, she is transformed.

Act Four

- 64 See note 10, above.
- 65 The Spanish Armada. It sailed a year later.

Act Five

- 66 The action has come full circle.
- 67 The Lamb of God: a medallion representing a lamb holding a victory banner.
- 68 Didier Siflard was a witness at the execution.
- 69 The King of France.
- 70 The King of Spain.
- 71 The references are: Numbers 17, 8; Exodus 17, 5-7 and Numbers 20, 2-13.
- 72 Matthew 18, 20.
- 73 Acts 5, 17-19.
- 74 This is Leicester.

- 75 Thus Mary announces her full reconciliation with God.
- 76 As Melvil explains, the privilege of the chalice is reserved.
- 77 It is late in a day that began before dawn.
- 78 The episode is not historical.

About the Team

Alessandra Tosi was the managing editor for this book.

Adele Kreager performed the copy-editing and proofreading.

Anna Gatti designed the cover using InDesign. The cover was produced in InDesign using Fontin (titles) and Calibri (text body) fonts.

Melissa Purkiss typeset the book in InDesign and produced the paperback and hardback editions. The text font is Tex Gyre Pagella; the heading font is Californian FB.

Luca Baffa produced the EPUB, MOBI, PDF, HTML, and XML editions — the conversion is performed with open source software freely available on our GitHub page (https://github.com/OpenBookPublishers).

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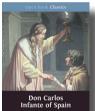
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Maria Stuart

Friedrich Schiller

Translated by Flora Kimmich Introduction by Roger Paulin

Maria Stuart, described as Schiller's most perfect play, is a finely balanced, inventive account of the last day of the captive Queen of Scotland, caught up in a great contest for the throne of England after the death of Henry VIII and over the question of England's religious confession. Hope for and doubt about Mary's deliverance grow in the first two acts, given to the Scottish and the English queen respectively, reach crisis at the center of the play, where the two queens meet in a famous scene in a castle park, and die away in acts four and five, as the action advances to its inevitable end. The play is at once classical tragedy of great fineness, costume drama of the highest order—a spectacle on the stage—and one of the great moments in the long tradition of classical rhetoric, as Elizabeth's ministers argue for and against execution of a royal prisoner.

Flora Kimmich's new translation carefully preserves the spirit of the original: the pathos and passion of Mary in captivity, the high seriousness of Elizabeth's ministers in council, and the robust comedy of that queen's untidy private life. Notes to the text identify the many historical figures who appear in the text, describe the political setting of the action, and draw attention to the structure of the play.

Roger Paulin's introduction discusses the many threads of the conflict in Maria Stuart and enriches our understanding of this much-loved, much-produced play.

Maria Stuart is the last of a series of five new translations of Schiller's major plays, accompanied by notes to the text and an authoritative introduction, and made freely available to read and download for free on the publisher's website. Printed and digital editions, together with supplementary digital material, can also be found at www.openbookpublishers.com

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