# Mandarin Chinese Words and Parts of Speech

A Corpus-based Study

# Chu-Ren Huang, Shu-Kai Hsieh and Keh-Jiann Chen

First published 2017

ISBN: 978-1-138-94944-7 (hbk) ISBN: 978-0-367-59837-2 (pbk) ISBN: 978-1-315-66901-4 (ebk)

DOI: 10.4324/9781315669014-16

# 13 T: Particles

(CC BY-NC-ND 4.0)

Funder: The Hong Kong Polytechnic University



## 13 T: Particles

Interjection is a kind of postposing, which needs to be attached after sentences or phrases. It is used to modify sentences or phrases in order to present a speaker's mood.

### 13.1 Subcategory

Since it is found that some particles such as examples (337)–(339) could co-occur and others could not, as seen in examples (340)–(342), we have identified these two situations. Examples (337)–(339) could be further divided into three categories Ta, Tb, and Tc, based on the order of co-occurrence, while examples (340)–(342) could only be grouped into one category—Td, which stands for particles that could only be presented independently.

```
(337) 哇 ! 下雨 了 啊 !
wa1 ! xia4yu3 le0 a4 !
WA!rain LE A!
'Wow! It rains.'
```

- (338) 你 把 飯 吃 了 吧 !
  ni3 ba3 fan4 chi1 le0 ba0 !
  you BA meal eat LE BA
  'Have your meal.'
- (339) 你吃了没有嘛? ni3 chi1 le0 mei2 you3 ma0? you eat LE without have MA? 'Have you eaten?'
- (340) 他 吃飽 了 嗎 5 tal chilbao3 le0 ma0 5

DOI: 10.4324/9781315669014-16

he eat.full LE MA?

- (341) 他 來 不 ? tal lai2 bu4 ? he come NEG? 'Is he coming?'
- (342) 他 知 否 ? tal zhil fou3 ? he know NEG? 'Does he know?'

#### 13.2 Lists of Particles

- Ta 了 le0, 的 de0
- Tb 著 zhe0, 沒 mei2, 沒有 mei2you3, 而已 er2yi3, 罷 ba4, 罷了 ba4liao3, 也 罷 ye3ba4, 也好 ye3hao3, 云云 yun2yun2, 爾爾 er3er3, 云爾 yun2er3, 之 類 zhi1lei4, 來著 lai2zhe0, 來哉 lai2zai1
- Tc 啊 a4, 呀 ya0, 哇 wa1, 哪 na3, 呢 ne0, 啦 la1, 哩 li0, 嘛 ma0, 嘿 hei4, 喲 yo1, 咧 lie1, 嘍 lou1, 咯 lo, 吧 ba0
- Td 嗎 ma0, 否 fou3, 不 bu4, 了嗎 le0ma0, 了否 le0fou3, 而已嗎 er2yi3ma0, 啦等等 la1deng3deng3, 啦云云 la1yun2yun2, 與否 yu3fou3, 啵 bo0, 哉 zai1, 矣 yi3, 耶 ye1

#### Note

1 For the convenience of ordering modifiers, 了馬 le0ma0, 了否 le0fou3, 而已馬 er2yi3ma0 are listed as particle compounds.